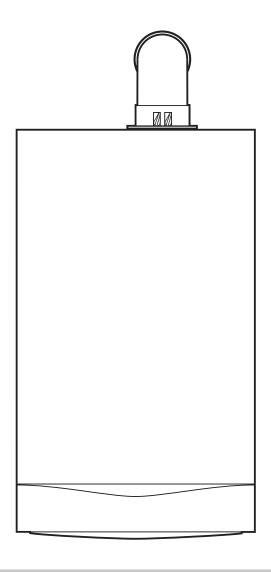
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# **Installation and Service Manual**

**Condensing System Boiler** 

**Gold System** 18 - 24 - 28

#### Natural Gas

Potterton Gold 18 System ErP G.C.N° 41 592 39 Potterton Gold 24 System ErP G.C.N° 41 592 40 Potterton Gold 28 System ErP G.C.N° 41 592 41

#### The Benchmark Scheme

Benchmark places responsibilities on both manufacturers and installers. The purpose is to ensure that customers are provided with the correct equipment for their needs, that it is installed, commissioned and serviced in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions by competent persons and that it meets the requirements of the appropriate Building Regulations. The Benchmark Checklist can be used to demonstrate compliance with Building Regulations and should be provided to the customer for future reference.

Installers are required to carry out installation, commissioning and servicing work in accordance with the Benchmark Code of Practice which is available from the Heating and Hotwater Industry Council who manage and promote the Scheme. Visit <a href="https://www.centralheating.co.uk">www.centralheating.co.uk</a> for more information.

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# Building Regulations and the Benchmark Commissioning Checklist

Building Regulations (England & Wales) require notification of the installation of a heating appliance to the relevant Local Authority Building Control Department. From 1 April 2005 this can be achieved via a Competent Persons Self Certification Scheme as an option to notifying the Local Authority directly. Similar arrangements will follow for Scotland and will apply in Northern Ireland from 1 January 2006.

The Health & Safety Executive operates the 'Gas Safe Register', a self-certification scheme for gas heating appliances.

These arrangements represent a change from the situation whereby compliance with Building Regulations was accepted as being demonstrated by completion of the Benchmark Logbook (which was then left on site with the customer).

With the introduction of Self Certification Schemes, the Benchmark Logbook is being withdrawn. However, a similar document in the form of a commissioning checklist and service interval record is incorporated at the back of these instructions.

This company is a member of the Benchmark initiative and fully supports the aims of the programme. Its aim is to improve the standards of installation and commissioning of central heating systems in the UK and to encourage the regular servicing of all central heating systems to ensure safety and efficiency.

Building Regulations require that installations should comply with manufacturer's instructions. It is therefore important that the commissioning checklist is completed by the installer. The relevant section of Building Regulations only relates to dwellings. Therefore the checklist only applies if the appliance is being installed in a dwelling or some related structure.

The flowchart opposite gives guidance for installers on the process necessary to ensure compliance with Building Regulations.



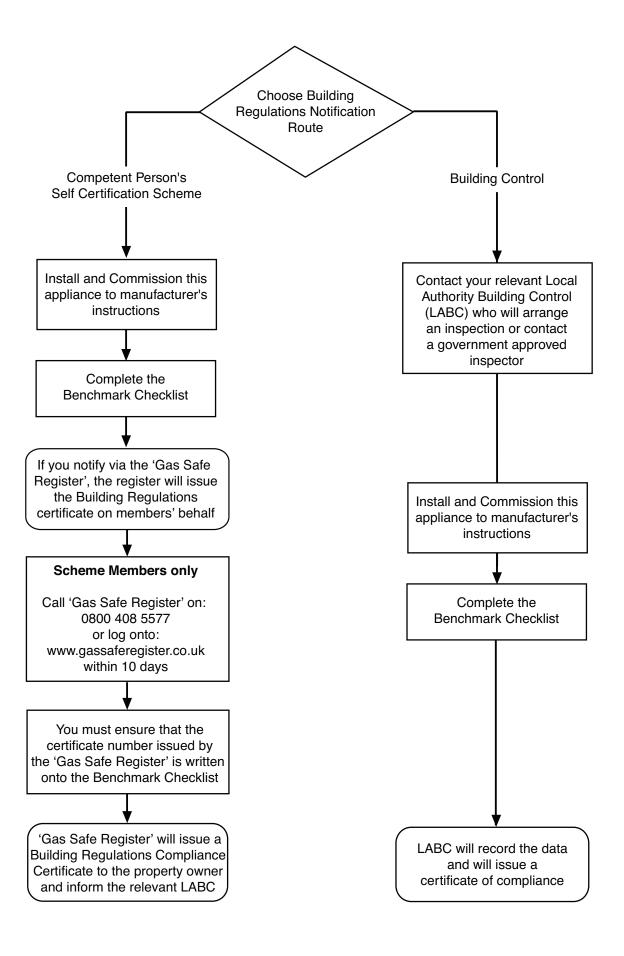








ISO 9001 FM 00866



#### IMPORTANT - Installation, Commissioning, Service & Repair

This appliance must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and the regulations in force. Read the instructions fully before installing or using the appliance.

In GB, this must be carried out by a competent person as stated in the Gas Safety (Installation & Use) Regulations.

**Definition of competence:** A person who works for a Gas Safe registered company and holding current certificates in the relevant ACS modules, is deemed competent.

In IE, this must be carried out by a competent person as stated in I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations".

The addition of anything that may interfere with the normal operation of the appliance without express written permission from the manufacturer or his agent could invalidate the appliance warranty. In GB this could also infringe the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations.

Warning - Check the information on the data plate is compatible with local supply conditions.

All Gas Safe registered engineers carry an ID card with their licence number and a photograph. You can check your engineer is registered by telephoning 0800 408 5500 or online at www.gassaferegister.co.uk

#### Homologations

#### **CE Marking**

#### EC - Declaration of Conformity

Baxi Heating UK Limited being the manufacturer / distributor within the European Economic Area of the following

Potterton Gold 18 - 24 - 28 System ErP

declare that the above is in conformity with the provisions of the Council Directive

2009/142/EC 92/42/EEC 2004/108/EC 2006/95/EC 2009/125/EC 2010/30/EU

and has been subject to the following conformity procedures laid down in

Annex 2 - Article 3 of 2009/142/EC

under the supervision of the British Standards Institution, a Notified Body authorized by the United Kingdom Competent Authority, and carrying the Notified Body Number 0086.

Type test for purpose of Regulation 5 certified by: Notified Body 0085.

Product/Production certified by: Notified Body 0086.

For GB/IE only.

#### Legislation

This company declare that no substances harmful to health are contained in the appliance or used during appliance manufacture.

The appliance is suitable only for installation in GB and IE and should be installed in accordance with the rules in force, and only used in a suitably ventilated location.

In GB, the installation must be carried out by a Gas Safe Registered Installer. It must be carried out in accordance with the relevant requirements of the:

- · Gas Safety (Installation & Use) Regulations.
- The appropriate Building Regulations either The Building Regulations, The Building Regulations (Scotland), Building Regulations (Northern Ireland).
- The Water Fittings Regulations or Water Byelaws in Scotland.
- The Current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations.

Where no specific instructions are given, reference should be made to the relevant British Standard Code of Practice.

In IE, the installation must be carried out by a competent Person and installed in accordance with the current edition of I.S. 813 'Domestic Gas Installations', the current Building Regulations and reference should be made to the current ETCI rules for electrical installation.

All systems must be thoroughly flushed and treated with inhibitor (see section 6.2).

#### Codes of Practice - refer to the most recent version

#### In GB the following Codes of Practice apply:

StandardScopeBS 6891Gas Installation.BS 5546Installation of hot water supplies for domestic

purposes.

purposes.
BS EN 12828 Heating systems in buildings.

BS EN 14336 Installation & commissioning of water based

heating systems.

BS 6798 Installation of gas fired hot water boilers.
BS 5440 Part I Flues.

BS 5440 Part 2 Ventilation.

BS 7074 Expansion vessels and ancillary equipment for

sealed water systems.

BS 7593 Treatment of water in domestic hot water

central heating systems.

#### In IE the following Codes of Practice apply:

Standard Scope

I.S. 813 Domestic Gas Installations.

The following standards give valuable additional information; BS 5546 Installation of hot water supplies for domestic

purposes.

BS EN 12828 Heating systems in buildings.

BS EN 14336 Installation & commissioning of water based

heating systems.

BS 7074 Expansion vessels and ancillary equipment for

sealed water systems.

BS 7593 Treatment of water in domestic hot water

central heating systems.

#### General

The following advice should be adhered to, from when first handling the boiler to the final stages of installation, and also during maintenance.

Most injuries as a result of inappropriate handling and lifting are to the back, but all other parts of the body are vulnerable, particularly shoulders, arms and hands. Health & Safety is the responsibility of EVERYONE.

There is no 'safe' limit for one man - each person has different capabilities. The boiler should be handled and lifted by TWO PEOPLE.

Do not handle or lift unless you feel physically able.

Wear appropriate Personal Protection Equipment e.g. protective gloves, safety footwear etc.

#### Preparation

Co-ordinate movements - know where, and when, you are both going.

Minimise the number of times needed to move the boiler - plan ahead.

Always ensure when handling or lifting the route is clear and unobstructed. If possible avoid steps, wet or slippery surfaces, unlit areas etc. and take special care on ladders/into lofts.

#### Technique

When handling or lifting always use safe techniques - keep your back straight, bend your knees. Don't twist - move your feet, avoid bending forwards and sideways and keep the load as close to your body as possible.

Where possible transport the boiler using a sack truck or other suitable trolley.

Always grip the boiler firmly, and before lifting feel where the weight is concentrated to establish the centre of gravity, repositioning yourself as necessary. See the 'Installation' section of these instructions for recommended lift points.

#### Remember

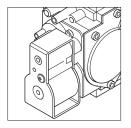
The circumstances of each installation are different. Always asses the risks associated with handling and lifting according to the individual conditions.

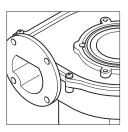
If at any time when installing the boiler you feel that you may have injured yourself STOP!! DO NOT 'work through' the pain - you may cause further injury.

IF IN ANY DOUBT DO NOT HANDLE OR LIFT THE BOILER - OBTAIN ADVICE OR ASSISTANCE BEFORE PROCEEDING!!

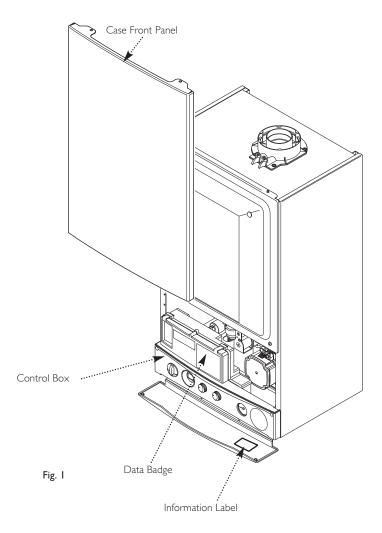
## CONTENTS







Sectio	on	Page
1.0	Introduction	7
2.0	General Layout	8
3.0	Appliance Operation	9
4.0	Technical Data	10
5.0	Dimensions and Fixings	12
6.0	System Details	13
7.0	Site Requirements	15
8.0	Flue Options	20
9.0	Plume Displacement	25
10.0	Installation	29
11.0	Commissioning	34
12.0	Completion	37
13.0	Servicing	38
14.0	Changing Components	40
15.0	Setting the Gas Valve	47
16.0	Electrical	48
17.0	Short Parts List	49
18.0	Fault Finding	50
19.0	Notes	55
	Benchmark Checklist	58



#### 1.0 Introduction

#### .l Description

- I. The Potterton Gold System ErP is a fully automatic gas fired wall mounted condensing system boiler. It is room sealed and fan assisted.
- 2. The boiler is set to give a maximum output of :-

18 models - 18 kW

19.4 kW Pnc (Condensing)

24 models - 24 kW

25.9 kW Pnc (Condensing)

28 models - 28 kW

30.3 kW Pnc (Condensing)

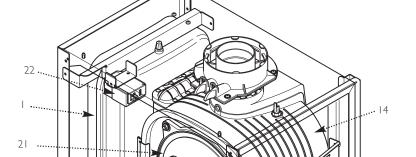
- 3. It is designed for use on Natural Gas (G20).
- 4. The boiler incorporates a circulating pump and expansion vessel. It is suitable for use only on fully pumped sealed systems.
- 5. The boiler data badge gives details of the model, serial number and Gas Council number and is situated on the inner door panel. It is visible when the case front panel is removed (Fig. 1).
- 6. The boiler model name and serial number are also shown on the information label on the rear of the lower door panel. This is for user reference.
- 7. The boiler is intended to be installed in residential / domestic environments on a governed meter supply only.
- 8. The boiler must be installed with one of the purpose designed flues such as the standard horizontal flue kit, part no. 5118489.
- 9. All systems must be thoroughly flushed and treated with inhibitor (see section 6.2).

**IMPORTANT:** If the boiler is installed at a high point in the system it is strongly recommended that Automatic Air Vent Kit 7200047 - 01 is fitted.

#### 1.2 Contents of Pack

The pack contains:-

- Boiler
- Wall Plate (including taps)
- Set of Pipe Connections
- Template
- Literature Pack



13 .....

26

20

### 2.0 General Layout

#### .l Layout

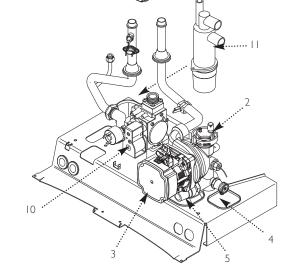
- I. Expansion Vessel
- 2. Automatic Air Vent
- 3. Circulation Pump

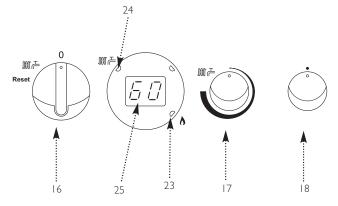
(NOTE: The boiler can be fitted with one of two alternative pumps, Grundfos or Wilo. All boiler illustrations show Grundfos. Section 13.14 details both types).

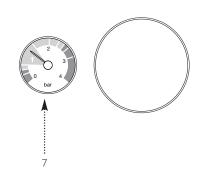
- 4. Drain Off Point
- 5. Pressure Relief Valve
- 6. Selector Switch
- 7. Central Heating System Pressure Gauge
- 8. PCB

15

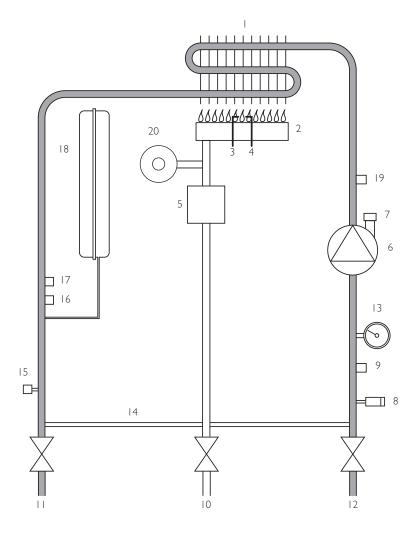
- 9. Control Box
- 10. Gas Valve
- II. Condensate Trap
- 12. Flame Sensing Electrode
- 13. Spark Electrode
- 14. Primary Heat Exchanger
- 15. Fan Assembly
- 16. On/Off/Reset Selector Switch
- 17. Central Heating Temperature Control
- 18. Calibration Control
- 19. Venturi
- 20. Air/Gas Collector
- 21. Combustion Box Cover & Burner
- 22. Igniter
- 23. Burner On Light
- 24. Central Heating Mode Light
- 25. Display
- 26. Air Pressure Switch
- 27. Pump PCB







#### **Boiler Primary Circuit**



Key Fig. 2

- I Heat Exchanger
- 2 Burner
- 3 Ignition Electrode
- 4 Flame Sensing Electrode
- 5 Gas Valve
- 6 Pump
- 7 Automatic Air Vent
- 8 Pressure Relief Valve
- 9 Boiler Drain Point
- 10 Gas Inlet
- II Boiler Flow
- 12 Boiler Return
- 13 Pressure Gauge
- 14 Automatic By-Pass
- 15 Water Pressure Sensor
- 16 Safety Thermostat
- 17 Temperature Sensor
- 18 Expansion Vessel
- 19 Return Temperature Sensor
- 20 Fan

#### 3.0 Appliance Operation

#### 3.1 Operating Mode (Fig. 2)

- I. With a demand for heating or hot water, the pump circulates water through the primary circuit. If the pressure is at least 0.5 bar and the ignition sequence will start.
- 2. When the flow temperature exceeds the setting temperature, a 3 minute delay occurs before the burner relights automatically (anti-cycling). The pump continues to run during this period.
- 3. When the demand is satisfied the burner is extinguished and the pump continues to run for a period of 3 minutes (Pump Overrun).

IMPORTANT: When the selector switch is in the '0' (Off) position the electrical supply to the boiler is isolated. The boiler will not operate.

#### 3.2 Frost Protection Mode

I. The frost protection mode is integral to the appliance and functions when the selector switch (see Section 2.1) is in the ON position (順声). If the system temperature falls below 5° C then the boiler will fire on its minimum setting until a flow temperature of 30° C is reached. Further protection can be incorporated by using a system frost thermostat.

#### 3.3 Pump Protection

I. With the selector switch (see Section 2.1) in the ON position (∭岸) the pump will automatically operate for I minute in every 24 hours to prevent sticking.

 $NO_X$  Class

Pressures

Safety Discharge

#### 4.1 Gold 18, 24, & 28 System ErP

Central Heating Primary Circuit

bar

3

Appliance Typ	De C <sub>13</sub>	C33	C <sub>53</sub>	
Appliance Category CAT I 2H				
Heat Input Q	n Hs (Gross)			
		Max	Min	
18 model	kW	20.5	4.8	
24 model	kW	27.4	7.8	
28 model	kW	32.1	10.8	
Heat Output Pn (Non-Condensing)				
		Max	Min	
18 model	kW	18	4.2	
24 model	kW	24	6.8	
28 model	kW	28	9.4	

Heat Output Pnc (Condensing)						
		Max	Min			
18 model	kW	19.4	4.5			
24 model	kW	25.9	7.4			
28 model	kW	30.3	10.2			
Max Gas Rate (Natural Gas - G20)						

Max Gas Rate	Gas Rate (Natural Gas - G20) (After 10 mins)		
18 model	m³/h	1.95	
24 model	m³/h	2.61	
28 model	m³/h	3.1	

NOTE: All data in this section are nominal values and subject to normal production tolerances.

#### Product Characteristic Database (SEDBUK)

SAP 2009 Annual Efficiency 18 & 24 - 88.6 % 28 - 88.5%

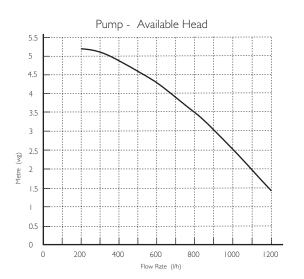
This value is used in the UK Government's Standard Assessment Procedure (SAP) for energy rating of dwellings. The test data from which it has been calculated has been certified by 0085.

Electrical Supply		230	0V~ 50H <sub>7</sub>
(Appliance mus earthed supply)	t be conne	cte	d to an
Power Consumption			
18 model			5W
24 model			5W
28 model	•	125	5W
Electrical Protection	IPX5D		
External Fuse Rating	_	3A	
Internal Fuse Rating		F2L	=
Condensate Drain To accept 21.5mm ( <sup>3</sup>	/₄ in) plasti	c w	aste pipe
Flue Terminal	Diameter		100mm
Dimensions	Decidation		125mm
	Projection		12311111
Connections	rrojection		opper tails
Gas Supply			opper tails 22mm
Gas Supply Central Heating Flow			opper tails 22mm 22mm
Gas Supply Central Heating Flow Central Heating Retu	· ·		opper tails 22mm 22mm 22mm
Gas Supply Central Heating Flow	· ·		opper tails 22mm 22mm
Gas Supply Central Heating Flow Central Heating Retu	ım arge		opper tails 22mm 22mm 22mm
Gas Supply Central Heating Flow Central Heating Retu Pressure Relief Disch	ım arge		opper tails 22mm 22mm 22mm
Gas Supply Central Heating Flow Central Heating Retu Pressure Relief Disch Outercase Dimensic	im arge		opper tails 22mm 22mm 22mm 15mm
Gas Supply Central Heating Flow Central Heating Retu Pressure Relief Disch Outercase Dimensic Casing Height Overall Height Inc Flu Casing Width	im arge		opper tails 22mm 22mm 22mm 15mm - 780mm - 940mm - 450mm
Gas Supply Central Heating Flow Central Heating Retu Pressure Relief Disch Outercase Dimensic Casing Height Overall Height Inc Flo	im arge		opper tails 22mm 22mm 22mm 15mm
Gas Supply Central Heating Flow Central Heating Retu Pressure Relief Disch Outercase Dimensic Casing Height Overall Height Inc Flu Casing Width	im arge		opper tails 22mm 22mm 22mm 15mm - 780mm - 940mm - 450mm
Gas Supply Central Heating Flow Central Heating Retu Pressure Relief Disch Outercase Dimensic Casing Height Overall Height Inc Flo Casing Width Casing Depth	im arge	- - -	opper tails 22mm 22mm 22mm 15mm - 780mm - 940mm - 450mm
Gas Supply Central Heating Flow Central Heating Retu Pressure Relief Disch Outercase Dimensic Casing Height Overall Height Inc Flo Casing Width Casing Depth Clearances	ons  Le Elbow  175 mm N  150 mm N	c - - - - - - Min	opper tails 22mm 22mm 22mm 15mm - 780mm - 940mm - 450mm - 345mm
Gas Supply Central Heating Flow Central Heating Retu Pressure Relief Disch Outercase Dimensic Casing Height Overall Height Inc Flo Casing Width Casing Depth Clearances Above Casing	ons  Le Elbow  175 mm N  150 mm N	c - - - - - - Min	opper tails 22mm 22mm 22mm 15mm - 780mm - 940mm - 450mm - 345mm
Gas Supply Central Heating Flow Central Heating Retu Pressure Relief Disch Outercase Dimensic Casing Height Overall Height Inc Flo Casing Width Casing Depth Clearances Above Casing Below Casing	im arge ins ue Elbow	C	opper tails 22mm 22mm 22mm 15mm - 780mm - 940mm - 450mm - 345mm
Gas Supply Central Heating Flow Central Heating Retu Pressure Relief Disch Outercase Dimensic Casing Height Overall Height Inc Flo Casing Width Casing Depth Clearances Above Casing Below Casing Front	im arge ins ue Elbow	C Min Min Min (Ir	opper tails 22mm 22mm 15mm - 780mm - 940mm - 450mm - 345mm

Max Operating Min Operating Recommended	S I Operating Range	2.5 0.5 1 <i>-</i> 2
Pump Available Hea		DW
Expansion Ves		h appliance)
Min Pre-charge	bar Pressure 0.5	
	litre	
Max Capacity CH System	of 125	
Primary Water of Boiler (unpr		
Temperatures Flow Temp (ad	ustable) 25°C to 80°C max (Natural Gas - G20)	(± 5°C)
mbar	20	
Injector (Natu	ıral Gas - G20)	
18 model	5.7mm	
24 model	7.5mm	
28 model	12mm	
	1211111	

#### Weights

	18	24 & 28
Packaged Boiler Carton	41.5kg	43.0kg
Installation Lift Weight	36.4kg	37.9kg



#### Technical parameters for boiler space heaters

Potterton Gold System ErP			18	24	28
Condensing boiler			Yes	Yes	Yes
Low-temperature boiler <sup>(1)</sup>			No	No	No
B1 boiler			No	No	No
Cogeneration space heater			No	No	No
Combination heater			No	No	No
Rated heat output	Prated	kW	18	24	28
Useful heat output at rated heat output and high temperature regime	$P_4$	kW	18.0	24.0	28.0
Useful heat output at 30% of rated heat output and low temperature regime <sup>(1)</sup>	P <sub>1</sub>	kW	5.9	7.9	9.3
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	$\eta_s$	%	91	92	92
Useful efficiency at rated heat output and high temperature regime <sup>(2)</sup>	$\eta_4$	%	87.9	87.9	87.9
Useful efficiency at 30% of rated heat output and low temperature regime <sup>(1)</sup>	$\eta_1$	%	96.8	96.8	96.8
Auxiliary electricity consumption					
Full load	elmax	kW	0.065	0.042	0.041
Part load	elmin	kW	0.014	0.014	0.015
Standby mode	$P_{SB}$	kW	0.003	0.003	0.003
Other items					
Standby heat loss	P <sub>stby</sub>	kW	0.040	0.040	0.040
Ignition burner power consumption	P <sub>ign</sub>	kW	-	-	-
Annual energy consumption	Q <sub>HE</sub>	kWh GJ	15824 57	20870 75	24348 88
Sound power level, indoors	L <sub>WA</sub>	dB	53	58	53
Emissions of nitrogen oxides	NO <sub>X</sub>	mg/kWh	29	20	20

<sup>(1)</sup> Low temperature means for condensing boilers 30°C, for low temperature boilers 37°C and for other heaters 50°C return temperature (at heater inlet).

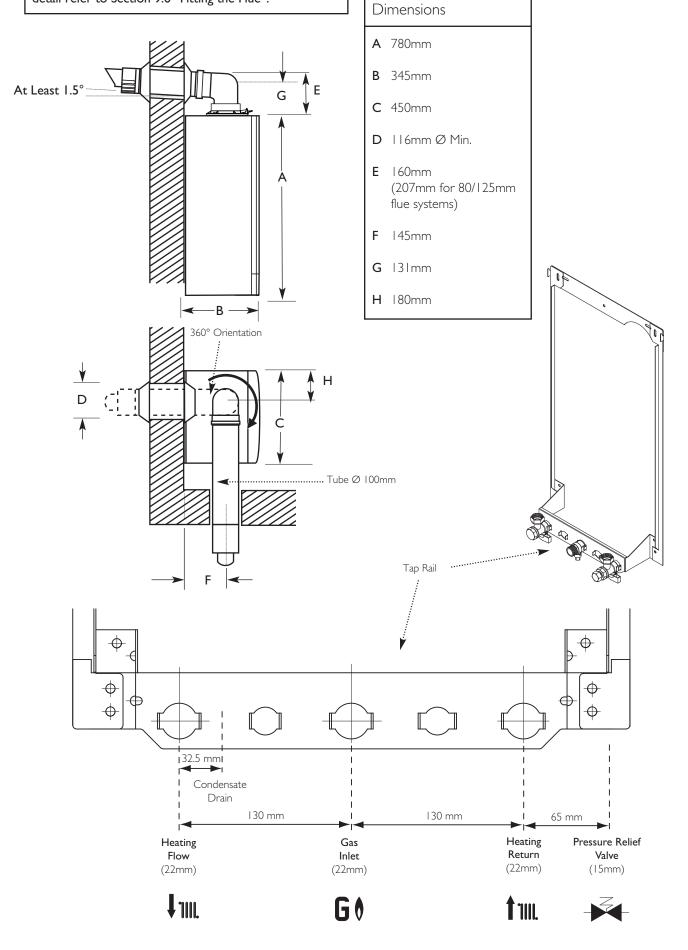
See

The back cover for contact details.

 $\Box$ 

<sup>(2)</sup> High temperature regime means 60°C return temperature at heater inlet and 80°C feed temperature at heater outlet.

NOTE: There must be no part of the air duct (white tube) visible outside the property after installation. The flue seal should fit neatly and effect a good seal. For full detail refer to Section 9.6 "Fitting the Flue".



#### 6.0 System Details

#### 6.1 Central Heating Circuit

I. The appliance is suitable for fully pumped SEALED SYSTEMS ONLY.

Treatment of Water Circulating Systems

- All recirculatory water systems will be subject to corrosion unless an appropriate water treatment is applied. This means that the efficiency of the system will deteriorate as corrosion sludge accumulates within the system, risking damage to pump and valves, boiler noise and circulation problems.
- When fitting new systems flux will be evident within the system, which can lead to damage of system components.
- All systems must be thoroughly drained and flushed out using, for example, Sentinel X300 or X400 or Fernox F3. They should be used following the flushing agent manufacturer's instructions.
- System additives corrosion inhibitors and flushing agents/descalers should comply to BS7593 requirements, e.g. Sentinel X100 and Fernox MB-1 which should be used following the inhibitor manufacturer's instructions.
- Full instructions are supplied with the products, for further information contact Sentinel (0800 389 4670) or Fernox (0870 870 0362)

Failure to flush and add inhibitor to the system will invalidate the appliance warranty.

- It is important to check the inhibitor concentration after installation, system modification and at every service in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. (Test kits are available from inhibitor stockists.)
- For information or advice regarding any of the above contact Technical Enquiries.

#### 6.2 Bypass

I. The boiler is fitted with an automatic integral bypass.

#### 6.3 System Control

- I. For optimum operating conditions, the heating system into which the boiler is installed should include a control system.
- 2. Such a system will comprise of a timer control and separate room or cylinder thermostats as appropriate.
- 3. The boiler should be controlled so that it operates on demand only.
- 4. Operation of the system under control of the boiler thermostat & TRV's only does not produce the best results.

#### 6.0 System Details

#### 6.4 System Filling and Pressurising

- I. A filling point connection on the central heating return pipework must be provided to facilitate initial filling and pressurising and also any subsequent water loss replacement/refilling.
- 2. The filling method adopted must be in accordance with all relevant water supply regulations and use approved equipment.
- 3. Your attention is drawn to: for GB: Guidance G24.2 and recommendation R24.2 of the Water Regulations Guide. for IE: the current edition of I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations".
- 4. The sealed primary circuits may be filled or replenished by means of a temporary connection between the circuit and a supply pipe, provided a 'Listed' double check valve or some other no less effective backflow prevention device is permanently connected at the inlet to the circuit and the temporary connection is removed after use.

#### 6.5 Expansion Vessel

I. The appliance expansion vessel is pre-charged to 0.5 bar. Therefore, the minimum cold fill pressure is 0.5 bar. The vessel is suitable for correct operation for system capacities up to 125 litres. For greater system capacities an additional expansion vessel must be fitted. For GB refer to BS 7074 Pt I. For IE, the current edition of I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations".

#### 6.6 Safety Pressure Relief Valve (Fig. 4)

- I. The pressure relief valve is set at 3 bar, therefore all pipework, fittings, etc. should be suitable for pressures in excess of 3 bar and temperature in excess of 100°C.
- 2. The pressure relief discharge pipe should be not less than 15mm dia, run continuously downward, and discharge outside the building, preferably over a drain. It should be routed in such a manner that no hazard occurs to occupants or causes damage to wiring or electrical components. The end of the pipe should terminate facing down and towards the wall.
- 3. The discharge must not be above a window, entrance or other public access. Consideration must be given to the possibility that boiling water/steam could discharge from the pipe.
- 4. A remote relief valve kit is available to enable the boiler to be installed in cellars or similar locations below outside ground level (kit no. 5121379).

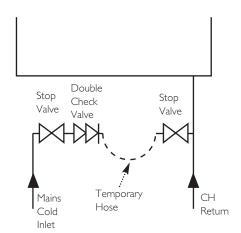
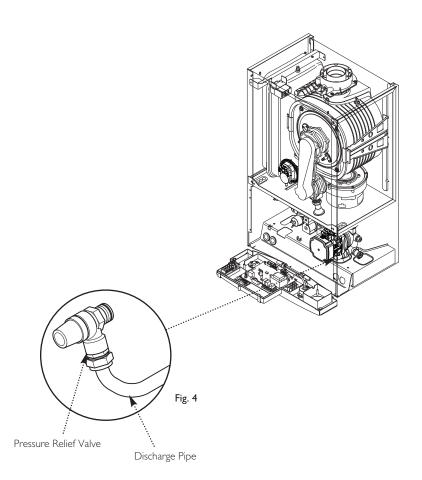


Fig. 3



#### 7.0 Site Requirements

#### 7.1 Location

- I. The boiler may be fitted to any suitable wall with the flue passing through an outside wall or roof and discharging to atmosphere in a position permitting satisfactory removal of combustion products and providing an adequate air supply. The boiler should be fitted within the building unless otherwise protected by a suitable enclosure i.e. garage or outhouse. (The boiler may be fitted inside a cupboard-see Section 7.3).
- 2. If the boiler is sited in an unheated enclosure then it is recommended to leave the ON/OFF Selector Switch in the On position.
- 3. If the boiler is fitted in a room containing a bath or shower reference must be made to the relevant requirements. In GB this is the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations and Building Regulations.
- In IE reference should be made to the current edition of I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations" and the current ETCI rules.
- 4. If the boiler is to be fitted into a building of timber frame construction then reference must be made to the current edition of Institute of Gas Engineers Publication IGE/UP/7 (Gas Installations in Timber Framed Housing).
- \*This is the MINIMUM recommended dimension. Greater clearance will aid installation and maintenance.

### 7.2 Clearances (Figs. 5 & 6)

- I. A flat vertical area is required for the installation of the boiler.
- 2. These dimensions include the necessary clearances around the boiler for case removal, spanner access and air movement. Additional clearances may be required for the passage of pipes around local obstructions such as joists running parallel to the front face of the boiler.

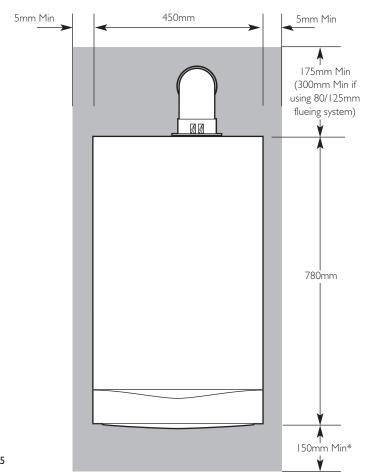
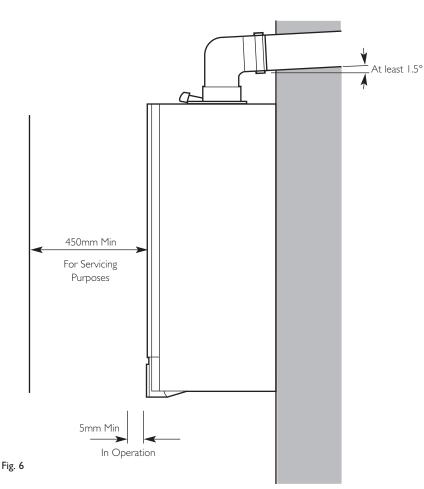
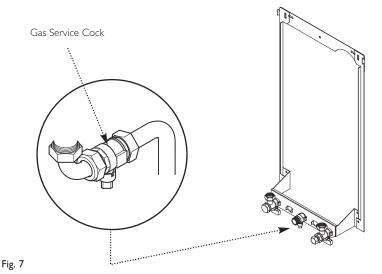


Fig. 5





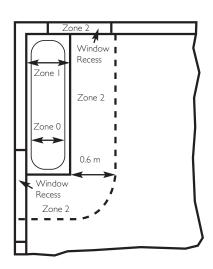


Fig. A In GB Only

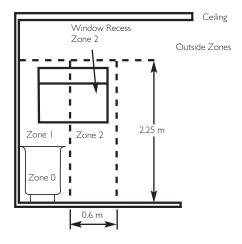


Fig. B In GB Only

#### 7.0 Site Requirements

#### 7.3 Ventilation of Compartments

- I. Where the appliance is installed in a cupboard or compartment, no air vents are required.
- 2. BS 5440: Part 2 refers to room sealed appliances installed in compartments. The appliance will run sufficiently cool without ventilation.

#### 7.4 Gas Supply

- 1. The gas installation should be in accordance with the relevant standards. In GB this is BS 6891. In IE this is the current edition of I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations".
- 2. The connection to the appliance is a 22mm copper tail located at the rear of the gas service cock (Fig. 7).
- 3. Ensure that the pipework from the meter to the appliance is of adequate size, and the demands of any other gas appliances in the property are taken into consideration. Do not use pipes of a smaller diameter than the boiler gas connection (22mm).

#### 7.5 Electrical Supply

- I. External wiring must be correctly earthed, polarised and in accordance with relevant regulations/rules. In GB this is the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations. In IE reference should be made to the current edition of ETCI rules.
- 2. The mains supply is 230V  $\sim$  50H<sub> $_{7}$ </sub> fused at 3A.

NOTE: The method of connection to the electricity supply must facilitate complete electrical isolation of the appliance.

Connection may be via a fused double-pole isolator with a contact separation of at least 3mm in all poles and servicing the boiler and system controls only.

3. When the system includes an indirect domestic hot water cylinder it is recommended that a cylinder thermostat is used in conjunction with a 3 port 2 position valve or 2 port zone valve.

#### 7.6 Bath & Shower Rooms

I. If the boiler is fitted in a room containing a bath or shower and **NOT FITTED** with any optional integral timer or thermostat, it can be fitted in zone 2, (Figs. A & B shows zone dimensions for a bathtub. For other examples refer to the Current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations) reference must be made to the relevant requirements.

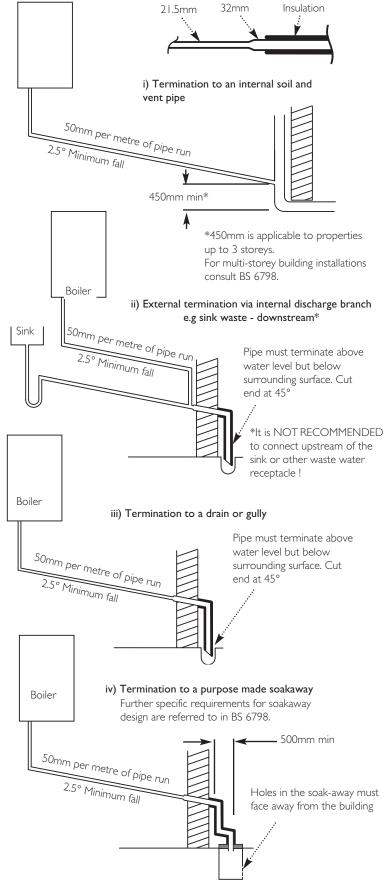
In GB this is the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations and Building Regulations.

In IE reference should be made to the current edition of I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations" and the current ETCI rules.

Examples are shown of the following methods of termination:-

- i) to an internal soil & vent pipe
- ii) via an internal discharge branch (e.g. sink waste) downstream of the trap
- iii) to a drain or gully
- iv) to a purpose made soakaway
- v) pumped into an internal discharge branch (e.g. sink waste) downstream of the trap
- vi) pumped into an external soil & vent pipe
- vii) to a drain or gully with extended external run & trace heating

It is strongly recommended to discharge internally into the household drainage system. If connecting to a rain water drain, that drain MUST discharge into a foul drain.



#### 7.0 Site Requirements

#### 7.7 Condensate Drain

FAILURE TO INSTALL THE CONDENSATE DISCHARGE PIPEWORK CORRECTLY WILL AFFECT THE RELIABLE OPERATION OF THE BOILER.

CAREFUL CONSIDERATION MUST BE GIVEN TO THE POSSIBILITY OF THE PIPEWORK BEING SUBJECT TO FREEZING CONDITIONS AND APPROPRIATE MEASURES TAKEN TO PREVENT BLOCKAGE. CORRECT INSTALLATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION WILL CONSIDERABLY MINIMISE THE LIKELIHOOD OF BLOCKAGE AND SUBSEOUENT **BOILER LOCK-OUT.** 

A CONDENSATE DISCHARGE PUMP AND PIPE 'TRACE HEATING' ARE AVAILABLE AS ACCESSORIES - see paragraphs 7.7.12 to 7.7.15 for further details.

The condensate discharge pipe MUST NOT RISE at any point along its length. There MUST be a fall of AT LEAST 2.5° (50mm per metre) along the entire run EXCEPT when employing a suitable condensate pump in basement and cellar or similar applications.

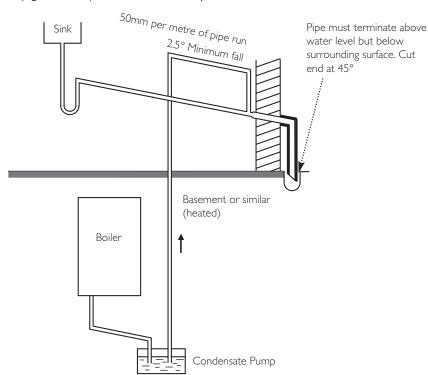
The boiler condensate trap incorporates a seal of 75mm, therefore it is unnecessary to install an air break and trap in the discharge pipework.

1. The condensate outlet will accept 21.5mm (3/4in) plastic overflow pipe. It is strongly recommended that this discharges internally into the household drainage system.

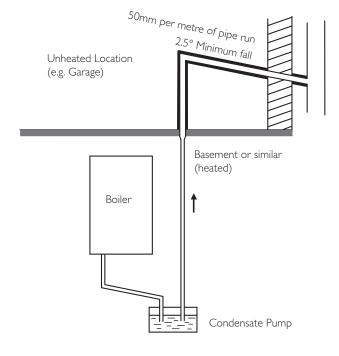
Where this is not possible, discharge into an outside drain is permissible providing every possible precaution is taken to prevent freezing.

- 2. Ensure the discharge of condensate complies with any national or local regulations in force. BS 6798 & Part HI of the Building Regulations give further detailed guidance.
- 3. The discharge pipe should be run in a proprietary drain pipe material e.g. PVC, PVC-U, ABS, PVC-C or PP.
- 4. Metal pipework is NOT suitable for use in condensate discharge systems.
- 5. The pipe should be a minimum of 21.5mm diameter and must be supported using suitably spaced clips of the correct design to prevent sagging.
- 6. It is advisable that the full length of condensate pipe is run internally and preferably be less than 3 metres.
- 7. Internal runs greater than 3 metres or runs in cold areas should use 32mm waste pipe.
- 8. External runs MUST be a MINIMUM of 32mm and fully insulated with material suitable for external use.
- 9. If the boiler is fitted in an unheated location the entire condensate discharge pipe should be treated as an external run and sized and insulated accordingly.
- 10. In all cases discharge pipe must be installed to aid disposal of the condensate. To reduce the risk of condensate being trapped, as few bends and fittings as possible should be used and any burrs on cut pipe removed.
- 11. When discharging condensate into a soil stack or waste pipe the effects of existing plumbing must be considered. If soil pipes or waste pipes are subjected to internal pressure fluctuations when WC's are flushed or sinks emptied then back-pressure may force water out of the boiler trap and cause appliance lockout.

# v) pumped into an internal discharge branch (e.g. sink waste) downstream of the trap



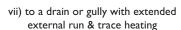
#### vi) pumped into an external soil & vent pipe

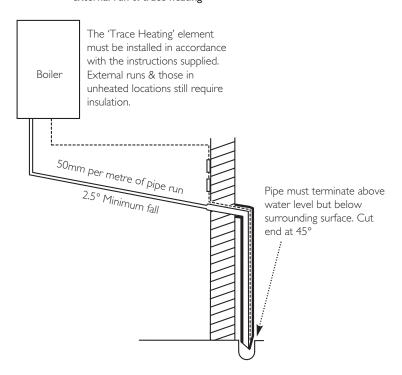


#### 7.0 Site Requirements

#### 7.7 Condensate Drain (cont.)

- 12. A boiler discharge pump is available, 'MULTIFIT' part no. 720648301. This pump will dispose of both condensate & high temperature water from the relief valve. It has a maximum head of 5 metres. Follow the instructions supplied with the pump.
- 13. Condensate Drain Pipe 'Trace Heating' Elements are available in various lengths. 'MULTIFIT' part nos.:-
  - I metre 720644401
  - 2 metre 720664101
  - 3 metre 720664201
  - 5 metre 720664401\*
- \*Where the drain is between 3 & 5 metres a 5 metre kit can be used and "doubled back" upon itself.
- 14. It is possible to fit the element externally on the condensate drain or internally as detailed in the instructions provided.
- 15. The fitting of a 'Trace Heating' Element is NOT a substitute for correct installation of the condensate drain. ALL requirements in this section must still be adhered to.





	Terminal Position with Minimum Distance (Fig. 9)	(mm)
ΑΙ	Directly below an opening, air brick, opening	
	windows, etc.	300
ВΙ	Above an opening, air brick, opening window etc.	300
CI	Horizontally to an opening, air brick, opening window etc.	300
$D^2$	Below gutters, soil pipes or drain pipes.	25 (75)
E <sup>2</sup>	Below eaves.	25 (200)
F <sup>2</sup>	Below balconies or car port roof.	25 (200)
$G^2$	From a vertical drain pipe or soil pipe.	25 (150)
$H^2$	From an internal or external corner.	25 (300)
1	Above ground, roof or balcony level.	300
J	From a surface or boundary line facing a terminal.	600
Κ	From a terminal facing a terminal (Horizontal flue).	1200
	From a terminal facing a terminal (Vertical flue).	600
L	From an opening in carport (e.g. door, window)	
	into the dwelling.	1200
Μ	Vertically from a terminal on the same wall.	1500
Ν	Horizontally from a terminal on the same wall.	300
R	From adjacent wall to flue (vertical only).	300
S	From an adjacent opening window (vertical only).	1000
Т	Adjacent to windows or openings on pitched and flat roofs	600
U	Below windows or openings on pitched roofs	2000

In addition, the terminal should be no nearer than 150 mm to an opening in the building fabric formed for the purpose of accommodating a built-in element such as a window frame.

<sup>2</sup> Only **ONE** 25mm clearance is allowed per installation. If one of the dimensions D, E, F, G or H is 25mm then the remainder **MUST** be as B.S.5440-1.

**NOTE:** The distance from a fanned draught appliance terminal installed parallel to a boundary may not be less than 300mm in accordance with the diagram below

#### 7.0 Site Requirements

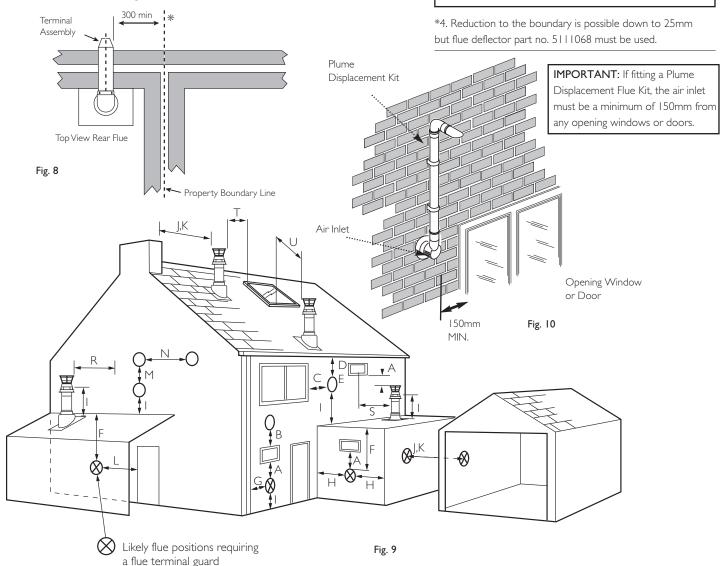
#### 7.8 Flue

**NOTE:** Due to the nature of the boiler a plume of water vapour will be discharged from the flue. This should be taken into account when siting the flue terminal.

- I. The following guidelines indicate the general requirements for siting balanced flue terminals. For GB recommendations are given in BS 5440 Pt I. For IE recommendations are given in the current edition of I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations".
- 2. If the terminal discharges onto a pathway or passageway, check that combustion products will not cause a nuisance and that the terminal will not obstruct the passageway.
- 3. If a terminal is less than 2 metres above a balcony, above ground or above a flat roof to which people have access, then a suitable terminal guard must be provided.

#### IMPORTANT:

- Under car ports we recommend the use of the plume displacement kit.
- The terminal position must ensure the safe and nuisance free dispersal of combustion products.



#### 8.0 Flue Options

#### 8.1 Horizontal Flue Systems

- $\label{eq:local_local_local} I. The standard flue is suitable only for horizontal termination applications.$
- 2. All fittings should be fully engaged. The approximate engagement is 40mm. Apply the lubricant supplied to the seal on each fitting to aid assembly.
- 3. Maximum permissible equivalent flue lengths are:-

(60/100) Horizontal Concentric 10 metres

(80/125)

Horizontal Concentric 20 metres

4. Any additional "in line" bends in the flue system must be taken into consideration.

Their equivalent lengths are:-

135° bend

Concentric Pipes:

0.5 metres

93° bend I.0 metres

Twin Flue Pipe

135° bend 0.25 metres 91.5° bend 0.50 metres

The elbow supplied with the standard horizontal telescopic flue kit is not included in any equivalent length calculations.

5. The illustrations opposite show examples of permissible

flue systems.

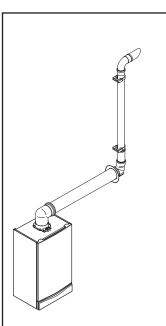
 $\label{eq:NOTE:plue} \textbf{NOTE:} \ \ \text{Flue length is measured from point } X \ \text{to } Y \ \text{as shown.}$ 

#### **IMPORTANT**

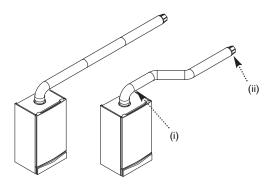
SUPPORT - All flue systems MUST be securely supported a MINIMUM of once every metre. It is recommended that every straight piece is supported irrespective of length. Additional supports are available as accessories.

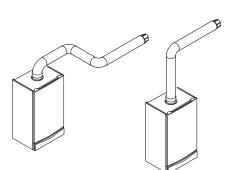
VOIDS - Consideration must be given to flue systems in voids and the provision of adequate access for subsequent periodic visual inspection.

6. Read this section in conjunction with the Flue Installation Guide supplied with the boiler.



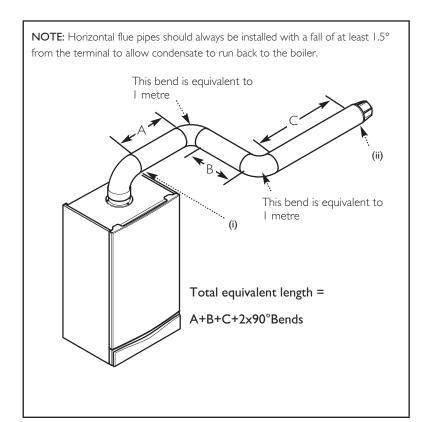


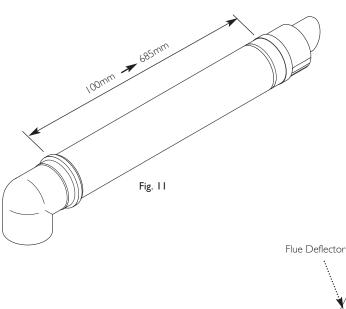




Horizontal

**Flues** 





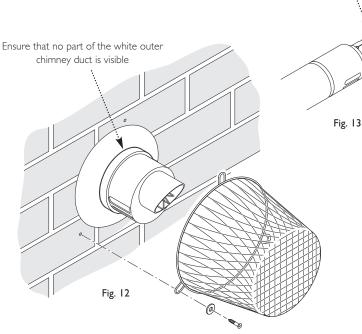




Fig. 14

#### 8.0 Flue Options

#### 8.2 Flue Lengths

The standard flue kit allows for lengths between 100mm to 685mm from elbow to terminal (Fig. 11). Extensions of 250mm, 500mm & 1m are available.

The maximum permissible equivalent flue length is:

10 metres (60/100 system - vertical & horizontal) 20 metres (80/125 system - vertical & horizontal) 15 metres (80/80 twin pipe)

#### 8.3 Flue Trim

I. The flexible flue trims supplied can be fitted on the outer and inner faces of the wall of installation.

#### 8.4 Terminal Guard (Fig. 12)

- I. When codes of practice dictate the use of terminal guards 'Multifit' accessory part no. 720627901 can be used (Note: This is not compatible with Flue Deflector referred to below).
- 2. There must be a clearance of at least 50mm between any part of the terminal and the guard.
- 3. When ordering a terminal guard, quote the appliance name and model number.
- 4. The flue terminal guard should be positioned centrally over the terminal and fixed as illustrated.

#### 8.5 Flue Deflector (Fig. 13)

I. Push the flue deflector over the terminal end. It may point upwards as shown, or up to 45° either way from vertical. Secure the deflector to the terminal with screws provided.

#### 8.6 Flue Accessories (Fig. 14)

I. For full details of Flue Accessories (elbows, extensions, clamps etc.) refer to the Flue Installation Guide supplied in the literature pack.

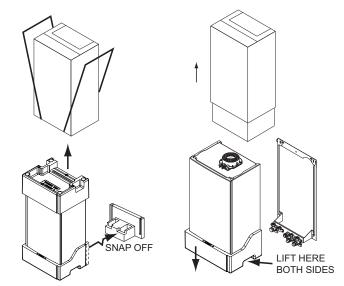


Fig. 15

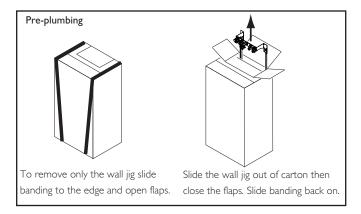
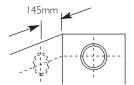
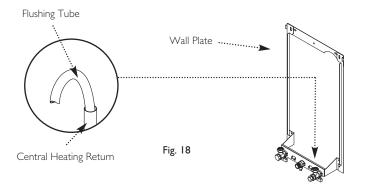


Fig. 16



For Side Flue Exit

Fig. 17



Unpacking & Initial Preparation

The gas supply, gas type and pressure must be checked for suitability before connection (see Section 7.4).

NOTE: a small amount of water may drain from the boiler in the upright position.

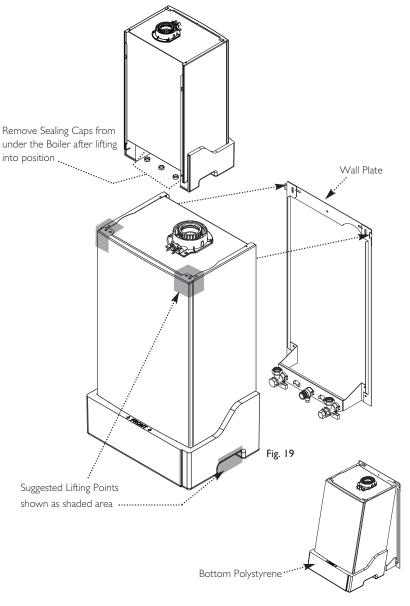
1. See section 'Safe Manual Handling' before unpacking or lifting the boiler.

RISK ASSESSMENT Before commencing the installation it is recommended that the 'Five Steps to Risk Assessment' document published by the HSE is consulted, and an assessment performed as described.

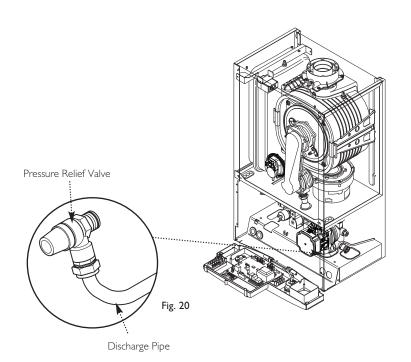
- 2. Follow the procedure on the carton to unpack the boiler or see Fig. 15.
- 3. If pre-plumbing (Fig. 16) the wall jig and fitting kit can be removed without removing the carton sleeve. Simply slide banding to the edge and open the perforated flap, lift out the jig, fitting kit and instructions. If the boiler is to be installed at a later date, close the flap and reposition the banding straps, the boiler can now be stored safely away.
- 4. After considering the site requirements (see Section 7.0) position the fixing template on the wall ensuring it is level both horizontally and vertically.
- 5. Mark the position of the two most suitable fixing slots for the wall plate and boiler lower fixing holes. It is preferable to use the vertical fixing slots.
- 6. Mark the position of the centre of the flue hole (rear exit). For side flue exit, mark as shown (Fig. 17).
- 7. If required, mark the position of the gas and water pipes. Remove the template.
- 8. Cut the hole for the flue (minimum diameter 116mm).
- 9. Drill the wall as previously marked to accept the wall plugs supplied. Secure the wall plate using the fixing screws.
- 10. Using a spirit level ensure that the plate is level before finally tightening the screws.
- II. Connect the gas and water pipes to the valves on the wall plate using the copper tails supplied. Ensure that the sealing washers are fitted between the connections.

#### Flushing

- I. Connect a tube to the central heating flow or return pipe (Fig. 18).
- 2. Flush thoroughly (see System Details, Section 6.2).



When the Boiler Mounting Bracket on the Boiler is in position on the Retaining Lugs, the bottom polystyrene may be discarded allowing the boiler to swing into position



#### 9.3 Fitting The Boiler

- I. Lift the boiler using the Lifting Points as shown by the shaded areas (Fig. 19). The boiler should be lifted by TWO PEOPLE. Engage the slots at the top rear of the boiler on the wall plate (Fig. 19) (see **Safe Manual Handling** page 5).
- 2. Ease the boiler forwards and remove the sealing caps from the boiler connections.

**NOTE:** A small amount of water may drain from the boiler once the caps are removed.

- 3. Insert the sealing washers between the valves and pipes on the wall plate and the boiler connections.
- 4. Tighten all the connections.

# 9.4 Fitting the Pressure Relief Discharge Pipe (Fig. 20)

- I. Remove the discharge pipe from the kit.
- 2. Determine the routing of the discharge pipe in the vicinity of the boiler. Make up as much of the pipework as is practical, including the discharge pipe supplied.
- 3. The pipework must be at least 15mm diameter and run continuously downwards to a discharge point outside the building. See section 6.7 for further details.
- 4. Utilising one of the sealing washers, connect the discharge pipe to the adaptor and tighten the nut.
- 5. Complete the discharge pipework and route it to the outside discharge point.

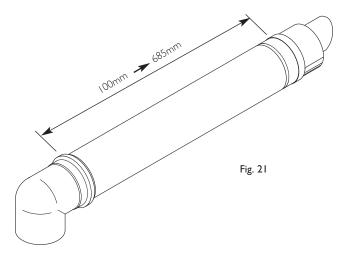
**IMPORTANT:** Make all soldered joints before connecting to the pressure relief valve.

#### **9.5** Condensate Drain (see section 7.7)

I. Connect the condensate drain to the trap outlet pipe.

Ensure the discharge of condensate complies with any national or local regulations in force (see British Gas "Guidance Notes for the Installation of Domestic Gas Condensing Boilers").

2. The connection will accept 21.5mm (³/-in) plastic overflow pipe which should generally discharge internally into the household drainage system. If this is not possible, discharge into an outside drain is acceptable.



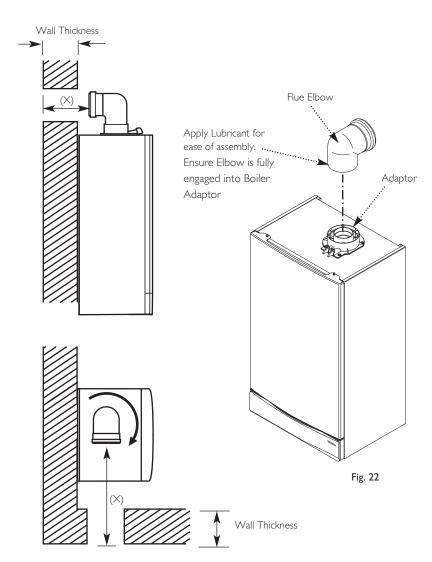


Fig. 23

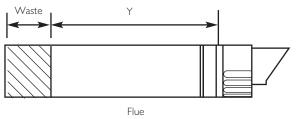


Fig. 24

#### 9.6 Fitting The Flue

#### HORIZONTAL FLUE

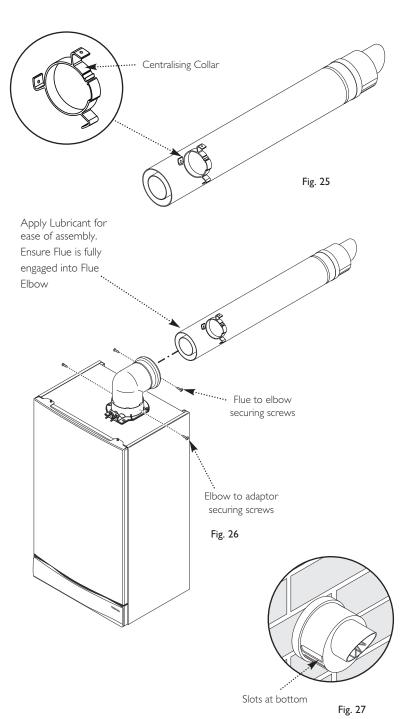
- 1. The standard flue is suitable for lengths between 100mm minimum and 685mm maximum, as measured from the edge of the flue elbow outlet to the joint between the terminal and air duct (Fig. 21).
- 2. Locate the flue elbow on the adaptor at the top of the boiler. Set the elbow to the required orientation (Fig. 22).

NOTE: The flue elbow is angled at 93 degrees to ensure a fall back to the boiler.

- 3. Measure the distance from the outside wall face to the elbow. This dimension will be known as 'X' (Fig. 23).
- 4. To dimension 'X' add 50mm. This dimension to be known as 'Y'.

IMPORTANT: Check all dimensions before cutting.

5. Mark dimension 'Y' on the flue as shown (Fig. 24). Carefully cut the waste material from the flue, ensuring that the ducts are square and free from burrs.



#### 9.6 Fitting the Flue (Cont)

- 6. The centralising collar may be in the waste portion of the flue. In this case retrieve the collar before discarding the waste.
- 7. Take the centralising collar (if not already fitted) and engage it over the flue duct. This will centralise the flue and air ducts, and ease assembly (Fig. 25).
- 8. Insert the flue through the hole in the wall. Fit the elbow to the boiler adaptor, ensuring that it is pushed fully in.
- 9. Draw the flue back through the wall and engage it in the elbow. It may be necessary to use soap solution or similar to ease assembly of the elbow adaptor and flue (Fig. 26).
- 10. Ensure that the terminal is positioned with the slots to the bottom (Fig. 27). Secure the flue to the elbow with the screws supplied (Fig. 26).
- II. Secure the elbow flue to the boiler adaptor with the screws supplied in the boiler fittings pack (Fig. 26).

**IMPORTANT:** It is essential that the flue terminal is fitted as shown to ensure correct boiler operation and prevent water entering the flue.

- 12. Make good between the wall and air duct outside the building.
- 13. Fit the flue trim if required, and if necessary fit a terminal guard (see Section 8.4).

# Fig. 29 Fig. 29 Fig. 28

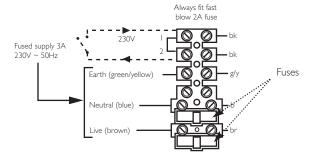


Fig. 30

Terminal Block

#### 9.0 Installation

#### 9.7 Making The Electrical Connections

The boiler is fitted with a 1.3m length of 3 core of cable. This can be connected to the fused 3A 230V 50Hz supply.

NOTE: Both the Live and Neutral connections are fused.

To connect an external control proceed as follows:-

- I. Slacken the facia panel securing screws and lift the outercase panel so that its securing tabs are clear of the facia. Remove the panel.
- 2. Completely undo the screws securing the facia panel and hinge it down (Fig. 46).
- 3. Undo the terminal block cover securing screw and remove the cover (Fig. 46).
- 4. Slacken the unused cable clamp on the LH side of the boiler chassis (Fig. 47). Insert the external control wiring through the clamp and route it to the terminal block.
- 5. Refer to the instructions supplied with the control.

**IMPORTANT:** The external control **MUST** be suitable for 230V switching and fused 3A maximum.

- 6. Remove the link between terminals I & 2. The switched output from the external control must be connected to terminal 2 (Fig. 48).
- 7. Ensure that the external control input cable(s) have sufficient slack to allow the control box to drop down. Tighten the cable clamp on the boiler chassis.
- 8. Replace the terminal block cover, routing the external control input cable(s) through the second cut-out.

#### 9.8 Preliminary Electrical Checks

- I. Prior to commissioning the boiler preliminary electrical system checks should be carried out.
- 2. These should be performed using a suitable meter, and include checks for Earth Continuity,
  Resistance to Earth, Short Circuit and Polarity.

#### 10.0 Commissioning

#### 10.1 Commissioning the Boiler

- I. Reference should be made to BS:EN 12828 & 14336 when commissioning the boiler.
- 2. At the time of commissioning, complete all relevant sections of the Benchmark Checklist at the rear of this publications.
- 3. Ensure that the filling loop is connected and open, then open the heating flow and return valves on the boiler.
- 4. Open the screw on the automatic air vent on the pump body (Fig. 31).

**IMPORTANT:** If the boiler is installed at a high point in the system it is strongly recommended that Automatic Air Vent Kit 720004701 is fitted. Ensure that this vent is open.

- 5. The system must be flushed in accordance with BS 7593 (see Section 6.2) and the flushing agent manufacturers instructions.
- 6. Pressurise the system to 1.5 bar (Fig. 32) then close and disconnect the filling loop.
- 7. Turn the gas supply on and purge the system according to in GB BS 6891 and in IE I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations".
- 8. Test for gas tightness.
- 9. Hinge the facia panel upwards and refit the case front panel. Tighten the securing screws.
- 10. Having checked:
- That the boiler has been installed in accordance with these instructions.
- The integrity of the flue system and the flue seals.
- The integrity of the boiler combustion circuit and the relevant seals.

Proceed to put the boiler into operation as follows:

- II. The Combustion Check procedure as shown by the chart in 10.2 is mandatory. The method of setting the boiler to operate at maximum and minimum rates to comply with the procedure is described below.
- 12. Ensure that all external controls are calling for heat. The actual current boiler temperature is shown on the display.
- 13. Turn both control knobs fully anticlockwise, then quickly turn the right hand knob 1/4 clockwise twice and back fully anticlockwise.
- 14. The display (Fig. 33) will now alternate between 'SF' and the current boiler temperature and both green LEDs will flash.

#### 15. To set to maximum rate.

Turn the left hand knob fully clockwise. As the knob is turned the display will change, indicating the fan speed.

16. The display will show '00', indicating maximum rate, then revert to 'P' alternating with the current boiler temperature.

#### 17. To set to minimum rate.

Turn the left hand knob fully anti-clockwise. As the knob is turned the display will change, indicating the fan speed. When the display reads '0' the boiler runs at minimum rate.

18. This function is maintained for 20 minutes unless the maximum CH temperature is exceeded. The function can be disabled at any time by turning the right hand knob.

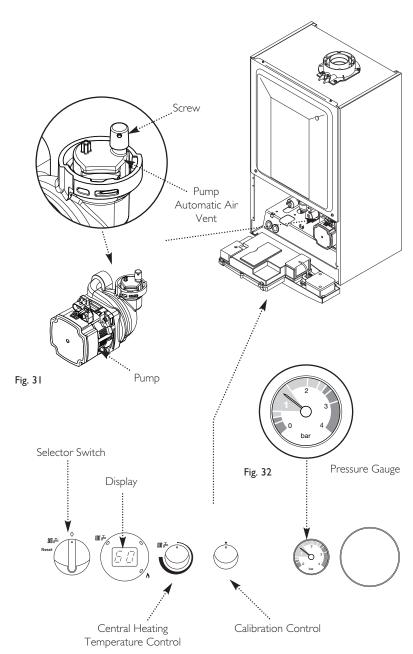
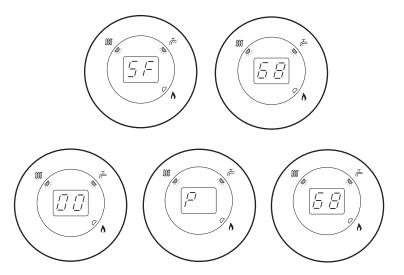
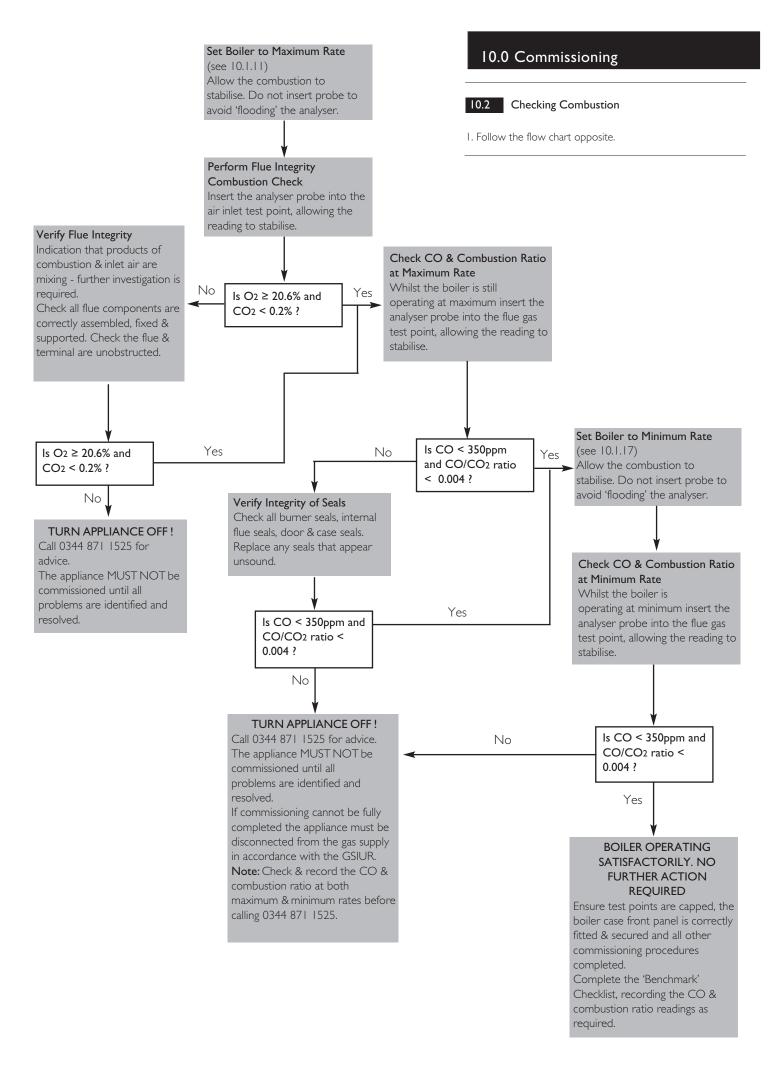
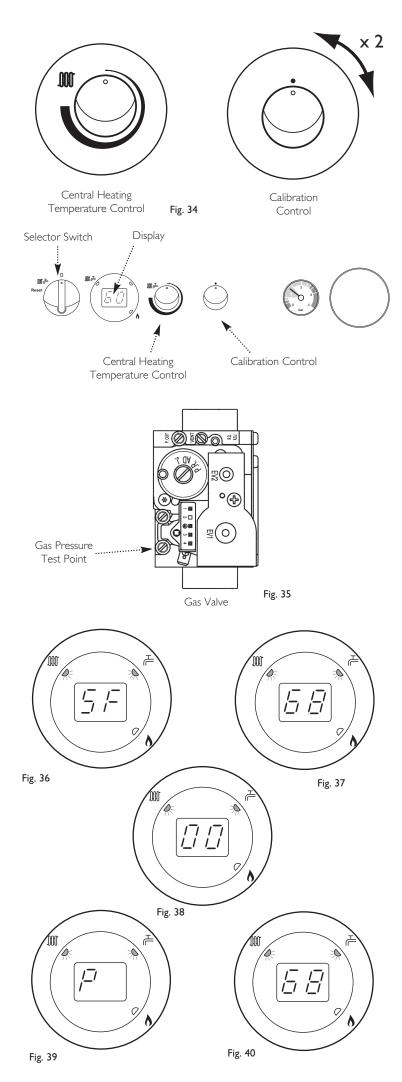


Fig. 33







#### 10.0 Commissioning

## 10.3 Check the Operational (Working) Gas Inlet

- I. Ensure that all controls are calling for heat, and the selector switch is in the central heating and hot water position ( $\mathbb{M}^{+}$ ). The current boiler temperature is shown on the display.
- 2. To check the gas rate it is necessary to set the boiler to 'Calibration Mode'.
- 3. Turn both temperature control knobs fully anticlockwise, then quickly turn the Calibration Control knob <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> clockwise twice and back fully anticlockwise (Fig. 34).
- 4. The display will now alternate between 'SF' and the current boiler temperature and both green LEDs will flash (Figs. 36 & 37).
- 5. Turn CH temperature control knob fully clockwise. As the knob is turned the display will change from '0' to '00' (Fig. 38) indicating maximum rate, then revert to 'P' alternating with the current boiler temperature (Figs 39 & 40).
- 6. With the boiler operating in the maximum rate condition check that the operational (working) gas pressure at the inlet gas pressure test point (Fig. 35) is in accordance with B.S. 6798 & B.S. 6891.
- 7. Ensure that this inlet pressure can be obtained with all other gas appliances in the property working.

#### Measure the Gas Rate

8. With any other appliances & pilot lights turned OFF the gas rate can be measured. It should be between:-

18 model 1.95 m³/h 24 model 2.61 m³/h 28 model 3.1 m³/h

- 9. The 'Calibration Function' is active for 20 minutes unless the maximum CH temperature is exceeded.
- 10. The function can be disabled at any time by turning the Calibration Control knob.
- I.I. Carefully read and complete all sections of the Benchmark Commissioning Checklist at the rear of this publication that are relevant to the appliance and installation. These details will be required in the event of any warranty work. The publication must be handed to the user for safe keeping and each subsequent regular service visit recorded.
- 12. For IE, it is necessary to complete a "Declaration of Conformity" to indicate compliance with I.S. 813. An example of this is given in I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations". This is in addition to the Benchmark Commissioning Checklist.

# Gas Valve 17-21 mbar Gas Cock ··· 19-23 mbar Gas Meter Fig. 40a

#### 11.0 Completion

#### II.I Completion

- 1. Instruct the user in the operation of the boiler and system including external controls, explaining the operational sequence.
- 2. Set the control knob to the requirements of the user.
- 3. Carefully read and complete all sections of the Benchmark Commissioning Checklist at the rear of this publication that are relevant to the appliance and installation. These details will be required in the event of any warranty work. The publication must be handed to the user for safe keeping and each subsequent regular service visit recorded.
- 4. For IE, it is necessary to complete a "Declaration of Conformity" to indicate compliance with I.S. 813. An example of this is given in I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations". This is in addition to the Benchmark Commissioning Checklist.
- 5. Hand over the Users Operating, Installation and Servicing Instructions giving advice on the necessity of regular servicing.

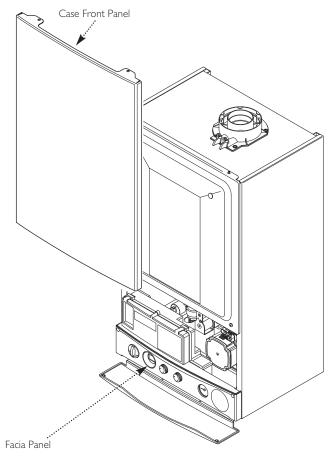


Fig. 41

# 10.0 Commissioning

#### Check the Operational (Working) Gas Inlet Pressure (cont.)

#### 13. Working Gas Pressures

If the pressure drops are greater than shown in Fig. 40a a problem with the pipework or connections is indicated. Permissible pressure drop across system pipework ≤ 1 mbar.

#### 12.0 Servicing

#### 12.1 Annual Servicing

- I. For reasons of safety and economy, it is recommended that the boiler is serviced annually. Servicing must be performed by a competent person in accordance with B.S. 7967-4.
- 2. After servicing, complete the relevant Service Interval Record section of the Benchmark Commissioning Checklist at the rear of this publication.

IMPORTANT: During routine servicing, and after any maintenance or change of part of the combustion circuit, the following must be checked:-

- The integrity of the complete flue system and the flue seals.
- The integrity of the boiler combustion circuit and relevant seals as described in Section 12.2.
- The operational gas inlet pressure as described in Section 10.3.1 to 10.3.7 and the gas rate as described in 10.3.8.
- The combustion performance as described in 'Check the Combustion Performance' (12.1.4 to 12.1.6 below).

# 3. Competence to carry out Checking Combustion Performance

B.S. 6798 'Specification for Installation & Maintenance of Gas Fired Boilers not exceeding 70kW' advises that:-

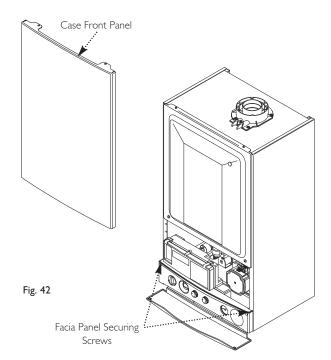
- The person carrying out a combustion measurement should have been assessed as competent in the use of a flue gas analyser and the interpretation of the results.
- The flue gas analyser used should be one meeting the requirements of BS7927 or BS-EN50379-3 and be calibrated in accordance with the analyser manufacturers' requirements.
- Competence can be demonstrated by satisfactory completion of the CPAT ACS assessment, which covers the use of electronic portable combustion gas analysers in accordance with BS 7967, Parts T to 4.

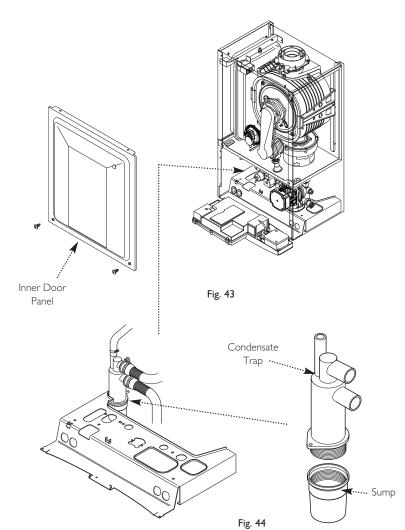
#### Check the Combustion Performance (CO/CO<sub>2</sub> ratio)

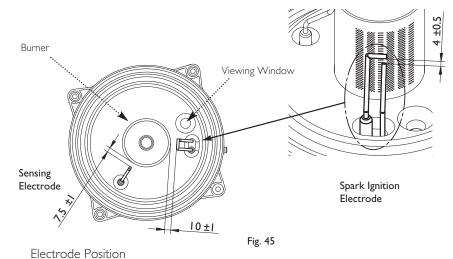
- 4. Set the boiler to operate at maximum rate as described in Section 14.1.1 to 14.1.6.
- 5. Remove the plug from the flue sampling point, insert the analyser probe and obtain the CO/CO<sub>2</sub> ratio. **This must be less than 0.004**.
- 6. If the combustion reading (CO/CO<sub>2</sub> ratio) is greater than this, and the integrity of the complete flue system and combustion circuit seals has been verified, and the inlet gas pressure and gas rate are satisfactory either:
- Perform the 'Annual Servicing Inspection' (Section 12.2) & re-check
- Adjust the gas valve (Section 14.0) & re-check
- $\bullet$  Replace the gas valve (Section 13.21) & re-check

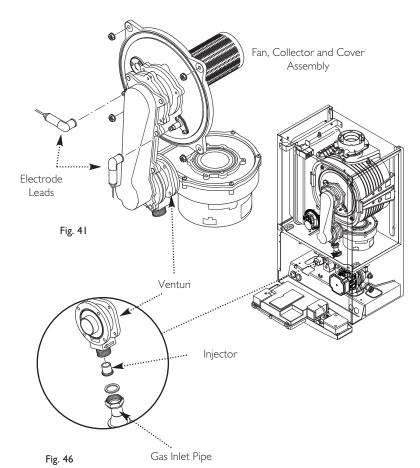
#### 12.2 Annual Servicing - Inspection

- I. Ensure that the boiler is cool.
- 2. Ensure that both the gas and electrical supplies to the boiler are isolated.
- 3. Slacken the screws securing the facia panel. Lift the outercase panel so that its securing tabs are clear of the facia. Remove the panel, allowing the facia to hinge down (Fig. 42).
- 4. Remove the screws securing the inner door panel. Lift the panel slightly to disengage it from the studs on top of the case (Fig. 43).
- 5. Unscrew the sump from the bottom of the condensate trap assembly (Fig. 44) and remove any deposits from the sump and trap. Clean as necessary and replace the sump









#### 12.0 Servicing

#### 12.2 Annual Servicing - Inspection (Cont)

- 6. Undo the nut on the gas inlet pipe to the venturi (Fig. 46) and pull the sensing pipe off the fan.
- 7. Disconnect the electrode leads, noting their position, and the fan electrical plugs (Fig. 47).
- 8. Undo the four nuts retaining the combustion box cover to the heat exchanger. Disconnect the sensing pipe and wires from the air pressure switch.
- 9. Carefully draw the fan, collector, air pressure switch and cover assembly forward, being careful to retain the injector in the venturi (Figs. 46 & 47).
- 10. Clean any debris from the heat exchanger and check that the gaps between the tubes are clear.
- II. Inspect the burner, electrode position (Fig. 45) and insulation, cleaning or replacing if necessary. Clean any dirt or dust from the air box.
- 12. Reassemble in reverse order.

**NOTE:** The sensing pipe must be reconnected to the fan, not the venturi.

I 3. Complete the relevant Service Interval Record section of the Benchmark Commissioning Checklist at the rear of this publication and then hand it back to the user.

# Bracket Igniter Igniter Feed Electrode Leads Fig. 48 Spark Electrode Leads Sensing Electrode Fig. 49 Air Pressure Switch Bracket Fig. 49a Pipe Connect to terminals

#### 13.0 Changing Components

**IMPORTANT:** When changing components ensure that both the gas and electrical supplies to the boiler are isolated before any work is started. When the component has been changed turn the selector switch fully anticlockwise against the spring pressure to the reset position and hold for 5 seconds to reset the boiler before recommissioning.

See Section 12.2 "Annual Servicing" for removal of case panel, door etc.

#### 13.1 Igniter (Fig. 48)

- I. Disconnect the igniter feed plug and the electrode leads, noting their positions.
- 2. Undo the screw securing the bracket to the boiler.
- 3. Remove the igniter and transfer the bracket to the new component.
- 4. Reassemble in reverse order.

#### 13.2 Spark and Sensing Electrodes (Fig. 49)

- I. Disconnect the electrode leads, noting their positions.
- 2. Remove the retaining screws securing each of the electrodes to the combustion box cover and remove the electrodes.
- 3. Check the condition of the sealing gaskets and replace if necessary. Reassemble in reverse order.

#### 13.3 Air Pressure Switch (Fig. 49a)

- I. Slacken the screw securing the Air Pressure Switch bracket to the collector, and remove the screws holding the switch to the bracket.
- 2. Ease the sensing pipe off the PI spigot on the switch and disconnect the two wires.
- 3. Reassemble in reverse order.

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I & 2 (3 not used)

#### 13.0 Changing Components

#### 13.4 Fan (Fig. 50)

- I. Undo the nut on the gas inlet pipe to the venturi (Fig. 68) and pull the sensing pipe off the fan.
- 2. Disconnect the electrode leads, noting their position and disconnect the fan electrical plugs. Disconnect the sensing pipe and wires from the air pressure switch.
- 3. Undo the screws securing the collector to the extension piece.
- 4. Remove the collector and fan assembly, being careful to retain the injector in the venturi.
- 5. Undo the screws securing the fan to the venturi and fit the new fan. On 18 models ONLY transfer the fan inlet flange to the new fan. Replace the seal if necessary.
- 6. Examine the burner gasket and replace if necessary.
- 7. Reassemble in reverse order, ensuring that the injector is in place, the sensing pipe is connected to the fan and the pressure switch is refitted.

#### 13.5 Venturi (Fig. 50)

- I. Remove the collector and fan assembly as described in section I 3.4.
- 2. Extract the injector from the venturi.
- 3. Undo the screws securing the fan to the venturi and the venturi to the collector.

**IMPORTANT:** When fitting the new venturi, ensure the arrows on it's base point into the collector (Fig. 69).

- 4. Examine the seals and burner gasket, replace if necessary.
- 5. Reassemble in reverse order, ensuring that the injector is in place

#### 13.6 Injector (Fig. 50)

- I. Remove the collector and fan assembly as described in section I 3.4.
- 2. Extract and replace the injector and reassemble in reverse order.

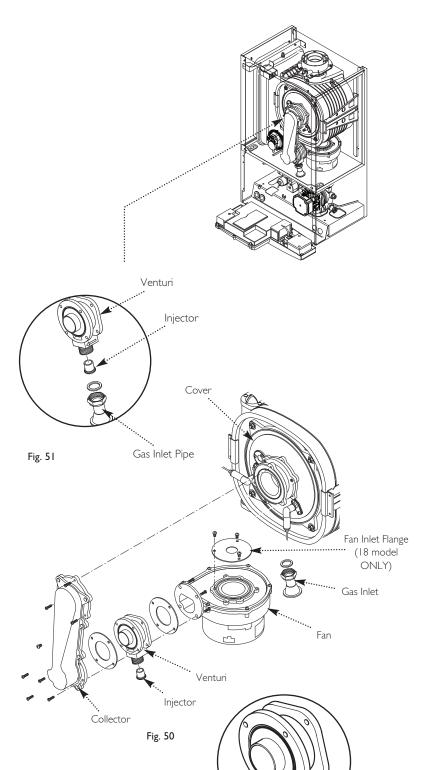


Fig. 52

When fitting the venturi ensure that the arrow is pointing forward

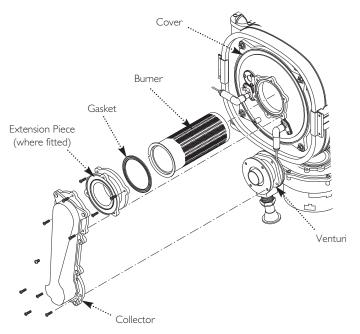
# 13.0 Changing Components

#### 13.7 Burner (Fig. 53)

- I. Undo the screws securing the collector to the venturi and extension piece. Allow the air pressure switch to rest on the air box lower panel. Remove the extension piece from the cover (not 32 models).
- 2. Withdraw the burner from the cover and replace with the new one.
- 3. Examine the gasket, replacing if necessary.
- 4. Reassemble in reverse order.

#### 13.8 Insulation (Fig. 54)

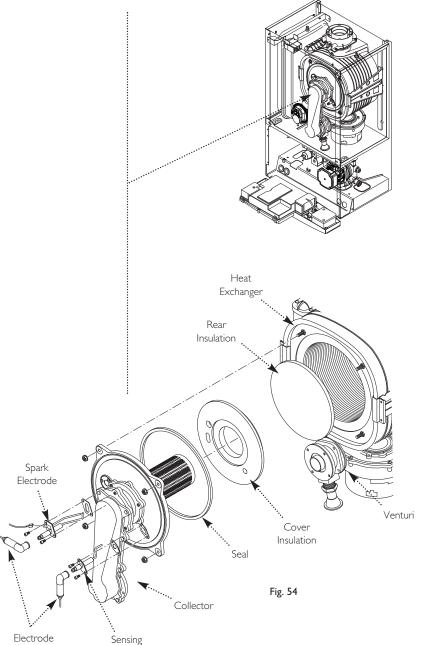
- 1. Remove the electrode leads, noting their positions. Also remove the electrodes as described in section 13.2.
- 2. Undo the screws securing the collector to the venturi and the nuts holding the cover to the heat exchanger. Allow the air pressure switch to rest on the air box lower panel. Draw the collector and cover assembly away.
- 3. Remove the cover insulation piece.
- 4. Fit the new insulation carefully over the burner and align it with the slots for the electrodes.
- 5. If the rear insulation requires replacement remove it and all debris from the heat exchanger. Also it may be necessary to separately remove the spring clip from the pin in the centre of the heat exchanger and the 'L' shaped clips embedded in the insulation.
- 6. DO NOT remove the shrink-wrapped coating from the replacement rear insulation. Keep the insulation vertical and press firmly into position.
- 7. Examine the cover seal and replace if necessary.



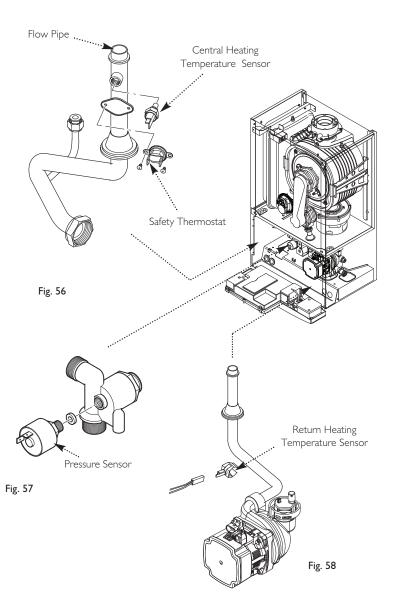


Leads

Electrode



# Flue/Heat Exchanger Thermostat Sensor



#### 13.0 Changing Components

# Flue/Heat Exchanger Thermostat Sensor (Fig. 55)

- I. Ease the retaining tab on the sensor away and disconnect the electrical plug.
- 2. Turn the sensor  $90^{\circ}$  anticlockwise to remove it is a bayonet connection.
- 3. Reassemble in reverse order.

#### 13.10 Water Pressure Sensor (Fig. 57)

- 1. Drain the primary circuit.
- 2. Disconnect the two wires from the sensor.
- 3. Undo the nut on the flow pipe securing and sealing the sensor.
- 4. Remove the sensor, examine the sealing washer, replacing if necessary.
- 5. Reassemble in reverse order. The component is not polarised either wire will fit each terminal.

# Central Heating Temperature Sensor (NTC) (Fig. 56)

- I. Ease the retaining tab on the sensor away and disconnect the electrical plug.
- 2. Unscrew the sensor from it's pocket and reassemble in reverse order. The plug will only fit one way.

#### 13.12 Safety Thermostat (Fig. 56)

- I. Pull the plug off the thermostat.
- 2. Remove the screws securing the thermostat to the mounting plate on the flow pipe.
- 3. Reassemble in reverse order, ensuring that the plug is pushed fully on.

#### 13.13 Return Heating Temperature Sensor (Fig. 58)

- I. Ease the retaining tab on the sensor away and disconnect the electrical plug.
- 2. Prise the sensor retaining clip off the pipe and remove the sensor from the clip.
- 3. Reassemble in reverse order.

## 13.0 Changing Components

#### 13.14 Pump - Complete (Figs. 59 & 60)

- I. Drain the boiler primary circuit and disconnect the electrical plug from the pump motor.
- 2. Undo the two screws securing the body to the pipe and manifold and draw the pump forwards.
- 3. Examine the 'O' ring seals on the return pipe and manifold, replacing if necessary.
- 4. Reassemble in reverse order.

#### 13.15 Automatic Air Vent - Grundfos (Fig. 59)

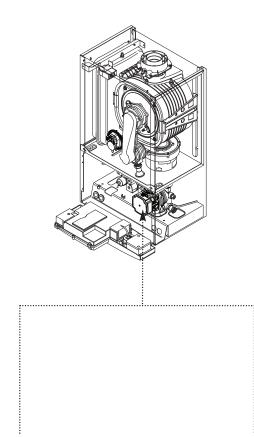
- I. Drain the boiler primary circuit and unscrew the automatic air vent from the pump body.
- 2. Examine the 'O' ring seal, replacing if necessary, and fit it to the new automatic air vent.
- 3. Reassemble in reverse order.

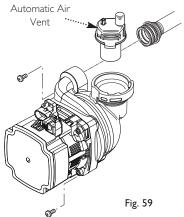
#### 13.16 Automatic Air Vent - Wilo (Fig. 60)

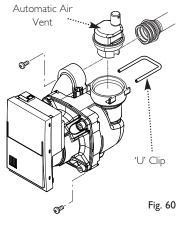
- I. Drain the boiler primary circuit and remove the 'U' clip securing the automatic air vent to the pump body.
- 2. Pull the vent upwards away from the body.
- 3. Examine the 'O' ring seal, replacing if necessary, and fit it to the new automatic air vent.
- 4. Reassemble in reverse order.

#### 13.17 Pressure Gauge (Figs. 61 & 62)

- I. Drain the primary circuit and undo the nut on the pressure gauge capillary.
- 2. Undo the screws securing the gauge retaining bracket.
- 3. Remove the bracket and gauge assembly. Depress the barbs on the side of the gauge and remove the retaining bracket.
- 4. Examine the sealing washer, replace if necessary.
- 5. Reassemble in reverse order.







Grundfos Pump

Wilo Pump

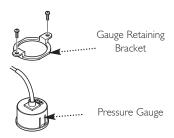


Fig. 61

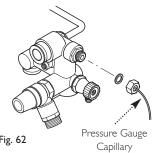


Fig. 62 Pressur
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# 'O' Ring Seal Grub Screw Discharge Pipe Fig. 63 Control Box Cover Fig. 64 P.C.B. Selector Switch Drive Pins

**6** 

Temperature Control Knobs

### 13.0 Changing Components

#### 13.18 Pressure Relief Valve (Fig. 63)

- I. Drain the primary circuit.
- 2. Disconnect the discharge pipe from the valve. Using a suitable hexagon key undo the grub screw sufficiently to release the valve.
- 3. Note the orientation of the valve, rotate it and withdraw it from the manifold.
- 4. Fit the new valve and 'O' ring seal and set to the previously noted orientation. Reassemble in reverse order.

#### 13.19 P.C.B. (Fig. 64)

- I. Note the settings of the temperature control knobs, rotate them fully anticlockwise and carefully pull them off the drive pins.
- 2. Completely undo the screws securing the control box cover and release the cover retaining barbs from their slots. Disengage the rear of the cover from the control box hinge pin.
- 3. Note the position of all plugs and wires on the P.C.B. and disconnect them.
- 4. Undo the securing screws and remove the P.C.B. Transfer the control knob drive pins to the new P.C.B. and turn them fully anticlockwise.
- 5. Reassemble in reverse order, ensuring that the temperature controllers are reset to their previous positions.

#### 13.20 Pump P.C.B. (Figs. 64 & 65)

- I. Completely undo the screws securing the control box cover and release the cover retaining barbs from their slots.
- 2. Note the position of all plugs and wires on the P.C.B. and disconnect them. Undo the securing screws and remove the P.C.B.
- 3. Reassemble in reverse order.

#### 13.21 Selector Switch (Fig. 65)

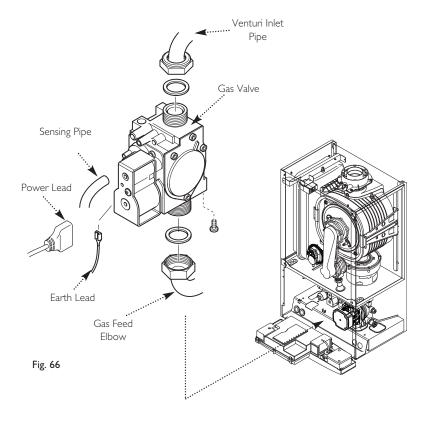
- I. Note the setting of the selector switch knob and carefully pull it off the facia.
- 2. Completely undo the screws securing the control box cover and release the cover retaining barbs from their slots. Disengage the rear of the cover from the control box hinge pin (Fig. 64).
- Note the position of the electrical connections and the orientation of the switch. Remove the electrical connections.
- 4. Remove the screws securing the switch to the facia panel.
- 5. Fit the new switch, ensuring that it is correctly positioned and reassemble in reverse order.

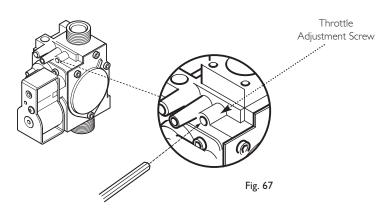
Pump P.C.B.

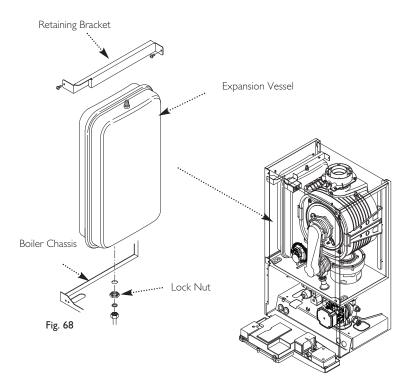
Facia

Selector Switch Knob

Fig. 65







#### 13.0 Changing Components

#### 13.22 Gas Valve (Fig. 66)

IMPORTANT: After replacing the valve the  $CO_2$  must be checked and adjusted as detailed in Section 14.0 Setting the Gas Valve. Only change the valve if a suitable calibrated combustion analyser is available, operated by a competent person - see section 12.1.

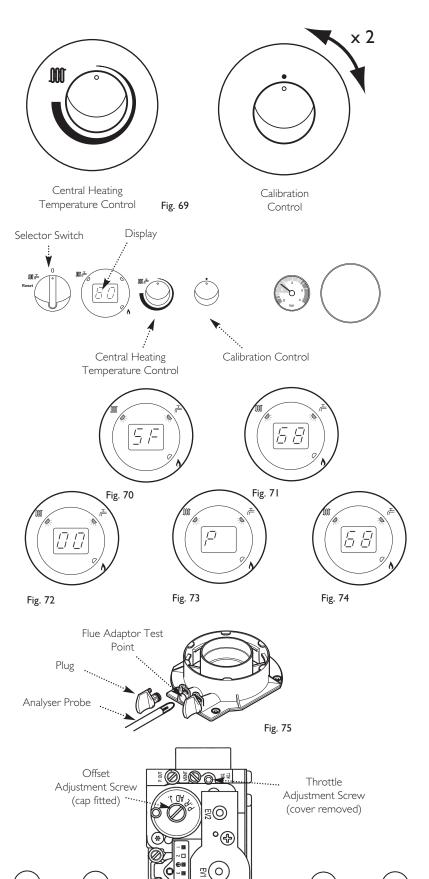
- I. Turn the gas cock off and undo the nut on the gas feed elbow under the boiler.
- 2. Remove the screws securing the inlet pipe flange to the boiler bottom panel.
- 3. Pull off the earth lead and sensing pipe.
- 4. Undo the nut on the venturi inlet pipe and slacken the nut on the venturi. Ease the pipe aside and remove the gas valve.
- 5. Remove the outlet adaptor and inlet pipe and transfer them to the new valve. Examine the 'O' ring seals, replace if necessary.
- 6. Reassemble in reverse order.

**NOTE:** To assist the boiler to light prior to final setting, use a suitable hexagon key to wind out the Throttle Adjustment Screw until it is flush with the valve body, then turn the screw 4 full turns clockwise (Fig. 67). If the boiler will not light, or the correct CO<sub>2</sub> cannot be achieved call Baxi Customer Support 0344 871 1525.

#### 13.23 Expansion Vessel (Fig. 68)

- I. Drain the primary circuit and undo the nut on the vessel connection pipe.
- 2. Undo and remove the locknut securing the vessel spigot to the boiler air box.
- 3. Remove the bracket and vessel from the boiler.
- 4. Locate the retaining bracket on the upper flange of the vessel and fit to the boiler.
- 5. Reassemble in reverse order.

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If the CO<sub>2</sub> is reset at minimum rate it must be rechecked at maximum rate again and adjusted if required. If the CO<sub>2</sub> is reset at maximum rate it must be rechecked at minimum rate and adjusted if required.

Increase CO<sub>2</sub>

at min, rate

Do not turn the adjustment screws more than 1/8 of a turn at a time. Allow the analyser reading to settle before any further adjustment

Reduce CO<sub>2</sub>

at max. rate

Fig. 76

Gas Valve

Increase CO<sub>2</sub>

at max, rate

#### 14.0 Setting the Gas Valve

14.1 Setting the Gas Valve (CO<sub>2</sub> check)

IMPORTANT: The  $CO_2$  must be only be checked and adjusted to set the valve if a suitable calibrated combustion analyser is available, operated by a competent person - see Section 12.1

- I. The combustion  $(CO_2)$  may be checked after running the boiler for several minutes. To do this it is necessary to set the boiler to 'Calibration Mode'.
- 2. Ensure that all external controls are calling for heat. The actual current boiler temperature is shown on the display.
- 3. Turn both control knobs fully anticlockwise, then quickly turn the right hand knob <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> clockwise twice and back fully anticlockwise (Fig. 69).
- 4. The display will now alternate between 'SF' and the current boiler temperature and both green LEDs will flash (Figs. 70 & 71).
- 5. Turn the left hand knob fully clockwise. As the knob is turned the display will change, indicating the fan speed.
- 6. The display will show '00', indicating maximum rate, then revert to 'P' alternating with the current boiler temperature (Figs. 72, 73 & 74).
- 7. Remove the plug from the flue sampling test point. Insert the analyser probe and allow sufficient time for the reading to settle (Fig. 75).

The CO2 should be 8.7%  $\pm$  0.2

- 8. It is possible to alter the CO<sub>2</sub> by adjustment of the gas valve. Remove the plastic cover from the Throttle Adjustment Screw. At maximum rate the Throttle Adjustment Screw should be turned, using a suitable hexagon key, until the correct reading is obtained (Fig. 76). Turning clockwise will reduce the CO<sub>2</sub>. Anticlockwise will increase the CO<sub>2</sub>.
- 9. The  $CO_2$  must then be checked at minimum rate. Turn the left hand knob fully anti-clockwise. As the knob is turned the display will change, indicating the fan speed. When the display reads '0' the boiler runs at minimum rate.

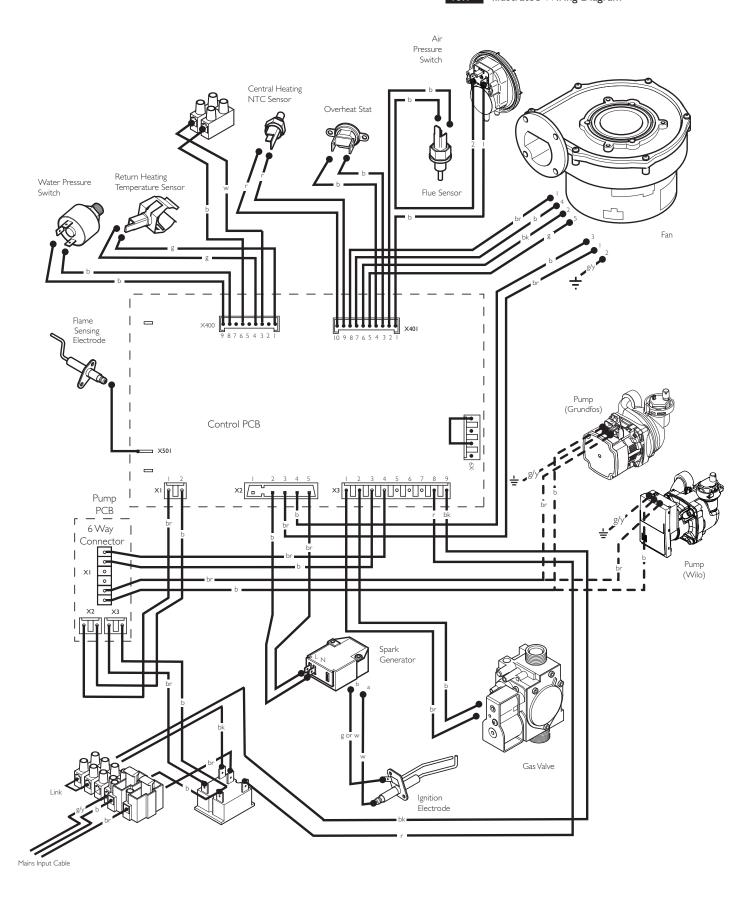
The CO<sub>2</sub> should be  $8.4\% \pm 0.2$ 

- 10. With the boiler on minimum, the Offset Adjustment Screw must be altered, using a suitable hexagon key, after removing the cap (Fig. 76). Turning anti-clockwise will reduce the CO<sub>2</sub>. Clockwise will increase the CO<sub>2</sub>.
- II. The 'Calibration Function' is maintained for 20 minutes unless the maximum CH temperature is exceeded. The function can be disabled at any time by turning the right hand knob.
- 12. Check the Combustion Performance (CO/CO₂ ratio). This must be less than 0.004.

Reduce CO<sub>2</sub>

at min, rate

### 15.1 Illustrated Wiring Diagram

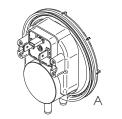


- brown - green g/y - green / yellow r - red - black - blue

- white

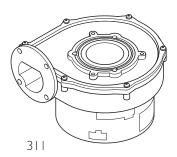
## 16.0 Short Parts List

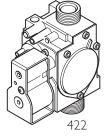






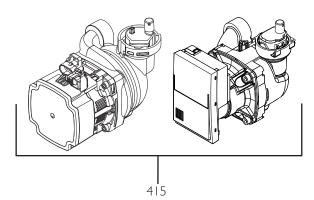










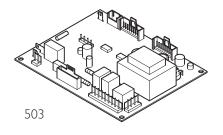














#### Short Parts List

Key No.	Description	Manufacturers Part No.
302	Flue Thermostat	5114747
306	Bumer (18/24)	5122149
	Burner (28)	5114697
311	Fan	5121447
315	Igniter Electrode	720222801
316	Sensing Electrode	720222901
415	Pump	7654033
419	Water Pressure Switch	5114748
420	Overheat Thermostat	5114729
421	NTC Sensor	5114725
422	Gas Valve	720514301
434	NTC Sensor (Return)	5114725
503	PCB 18	5122458
	PCB 24	720045201
	PCB 28	720795401
504	Pressure Gauge	248090
517	Pump PCB	7222704
A	Air Pressure Switch	7648326

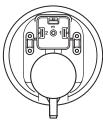
NOTE: When instructed to turn the selector to the reset position turn the selector switch fully anticlockwise against the spring pressure to the reset position and hold for 5 seconds to reset the boiler.

#### Table Of Error Codes

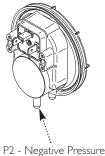
E20	Central Heating NTC Fault
E28	Flue NTC Fault, Air Pressure Switch Fault, Blocked Flue,
	Blocked Condensate or wiring Fault
EIIO	Safety Thermostat Operated
EII9	Water Pressure Switch Not Operated
E125	Circulation Fault (Primary Circuit)
E130	Flue NTC Operated
E133	Interruption Of Gas Supply or Flame Failure
E160	Fan or Fan Wiring Fault
E193	Pre-Circulation Fault

#### Testing Air Pressure Switch

To check the Air Pressure Switch is operating correctly:-During normal operation or standby briefly apply light suction to the negative pressure spigot (P2). Error Code "E28" should display whilst suction is applied, and then disappear when the switch is remade (removal of suction).



Connect to terminals
1 & 2 (3 not used)



#### 17.0 Fault Finding

#### 17.1 Initial Fault Finding Checks

- I. Check that gas, water and electrical supplies are available at the boiler.
- 2. Electrical supply =  $230V \sim 50$  Hz.
- 3. CH water system pressurised to 0.5 bar minimum when the boiler is cold.
- 4. The preferred minimum gas pressure is 20 mbar.
- 5. Carry out electrical system checks, i.e. Earth Continuity, Resistance to Earth, Short Circuit and Polarity with a suitable meter.

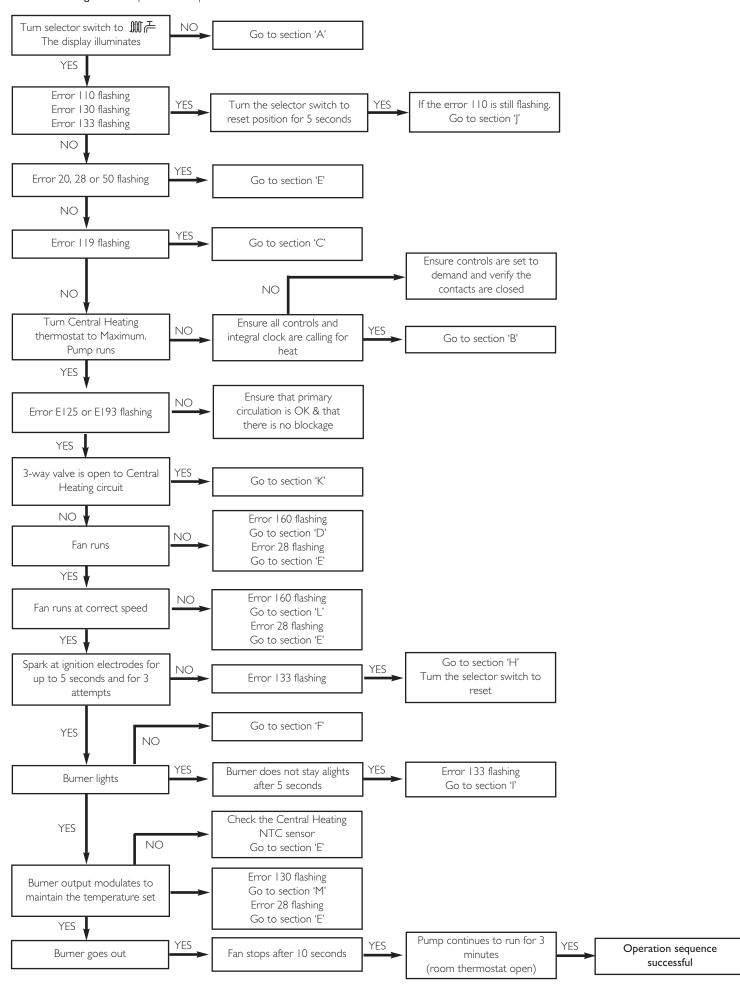
**NOTE:** These checks must be repeated after any servicing or fault finding.

6. Ensure all external controls are calling for heat and check all external and internal fuses. Before any servicing or replacement of parts, ensure the gas and electrical supplies are isolated.

#### 17.2 Error Codes

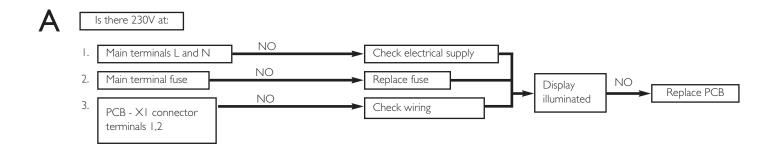
- I. If a fault occurs on the boiler an error code may be shown by the facia display.
- 2. The codes are either two or three digit, preceded by the letter 'E'. For example, code E133 will be displayed by 'E1' alternating with '33'. E20 is shown as 'E' then '20'
  - $\ensuremath{\mathsf{E20}}$  indicates faulty components.  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{E28}}$  includes possible faulty components or blockage.
  - EIIO shows overheat of the primary water and EI30 overheat of the flue system.
  - E119 is displayed when the primary water pressure is less than 0.5 bar.
  - E133 indicates that the gas supply has been interrupted, ignition has failed or the flame has not been detected.
  - E125 is displayed in either of two situations:-
- i) If within 15 seconds of the burner lighting the boiler temperature has not changed by  $1^{\circ}$ .
- ii) If within 10 minutes of the burner lighting the boiler temperature twice exceeds the selected temperature by 30°. In these instances poor primary circulation is indicated.
- 3. By turning the selector switch to the 'Reset' position for a minimum of 5 seconds when EIIO, EI3O & EI33 are displayed it is possible to relight the boiler.
- 4. If this does not have any effect, or the codes are displayed regularly further investigation is required.

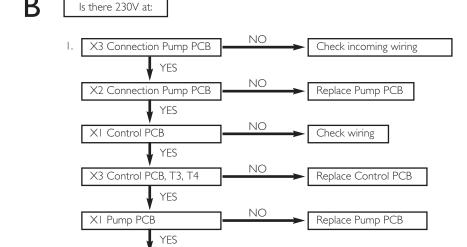
Refer to Section 15.0 "Illustrated Wiring Diagram" for position of terminals and components Central Heating - Follow operational sequence

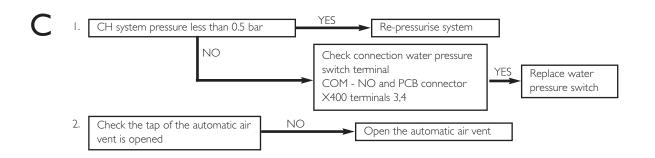


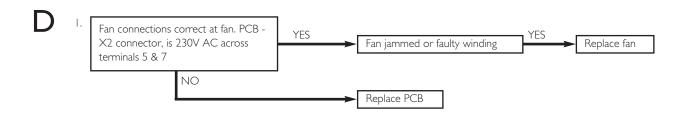
#### Fault Finding Solutions Sections

Replace Pump

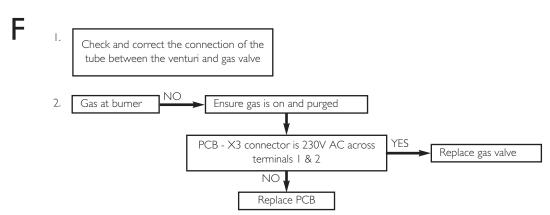


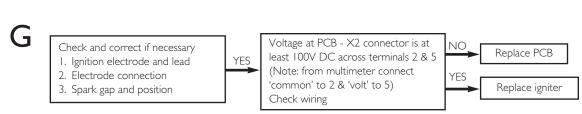


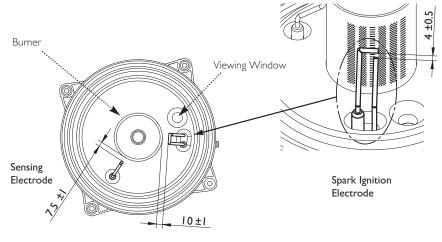




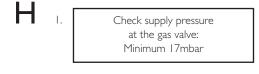
E Temperature sensors faulty. Cold resistance approximately NO  $10 k\Omega$  @ 25° C (DHW and CH sensors) Replace sensor  $20k\Omega$  @  $25^{\circ}$  C (Flue sensor) (resistance reduces with increase in temp.) NO Air Pressure Switch faulty. Replace switch Check for continuity across terminals 1 & 2 Unblock or repair flue Flue blocked or damaged YES Condensate trap or pipework blocked Unblock

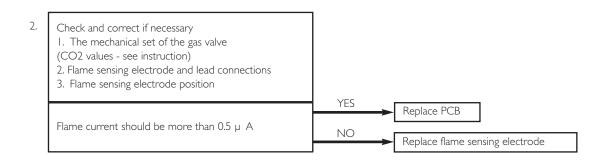


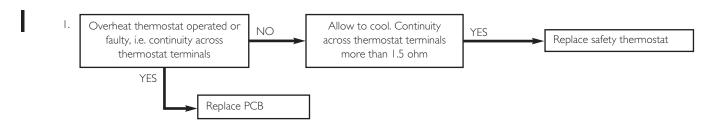




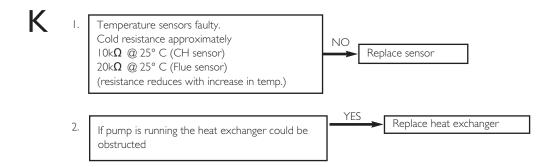
Electrode Position











## 18.0 Notes

## 18.0 Notes


#### GAS BOILER SYSTEM COMMISSIONING CHECKLIST

This Commissioning Checklist is to be completed in full by the competent person who commissioned the boiler as a means of demonstrating compliance with the appropriate Building Regulations and then handed to the customer to keep for future reference.

Failure to install and commission according to the manufacturer's instructions and complete this Benchmark Commissioning Checklist will invalidate the warranty. This does not affect the customer's statutory rights.

Customer name:						Teleph	none	numb	er:									
Address:																		
Boiler make and model:																		
Boiler serial number:																		
Commissioned by (PRINT NAME):			'		·	Gas S	Safe	registe	r numb	er:		'						
Company name: Telephone number:																		
Company address:																		
Commissioning date:																		
o be completed by the customer on receipt of a Building Regulations Compliance Certificate*																		
Building Regulations Notification Number (if applicable):																		
CONTROLS (tick the appropriate boxes	.)				:													
Time and temperature control to heating	3	1100	om mei		d/weather				Programmable room thermostat Optimum start control								_	
Time and temperature control to hot wat	ter	Cyling	der ther		at and prog										nbinatio		_	_
Heating zone valves					at and prog	,. ca		tted								require	_	_
Hot water zone valves								tted								require	-	_
Thermostatic radiator valves								tted									-	_
								_								require	-	_
Automatic bypass to system							FIL	tted								require	-	
Boiler interlock							_							_		Provide	ea	_
ALL SYSTEMS																		
The system has been flushed and clean	ied in accordan	ce with B	S7593	and b	oiler manu	ıfacture	er's i	instruc	tions							Y	es	
What system cleaner was used?																		
What inhibitor was used?													Quant	ity			lit	res
Has a primary water system filter been i	nstalled?												Yes				Ю	
CENTRAL HEATING MODE measure a	and record:																	
Gas rate					m	³/hr			-	)R							ft <sup>3</sup>	³/hr
Burner operating pressure (if applicable	)				m	bar		OF	R Gas in	let pre	ssure						ml	bar
Central heating flow temperature					-								-					°C
Central heating return temperature																		°C
COMBINATION BOILERS ONLY																-		
Is the installation in a hard water area (a	hove 200nnm)	?											Yes			N	10	
If yes, and if required by the manufactur			lucer h	een fit	ted?								Yes				10	
What type of scale reducer has been fitt		30010 100	adoci b	CCII III									103				•0	
DOMESTIC HOT WATER MODE Meas																		
Gas rate	ure and Necord	-				3/br				DR .							<b>6</b> 43	3/br
	roto\					1 <sup>3</sup> /hr	3B (	Saa inle										³/hr
Burner operating pressure (at maximum	rate)					nbar   C	JK C	2 <b>a</b> 5 II III	et press	ure at	IIIaxii	iuiii iai	Е				1111	bar °C
Cold water inlet temperature	4-			-								./	T					°C
Hot water has been checked at all outle	us ————											Yes	ien	pera	.ure		1/	
Water flow rate																	1/1	min
CONDENSING BOILERS ONLY																		
The condensate drain has been installed	d in accordance	with the	manuf	acture	r's instruct	tions a	nd/o	r BS55	546/BS6	6798						Y	es	
ALL INSTALLATIONS																		
Record the following:	At max. rate:			C	)		р	pm 🛭 🗚	ND	CO/	CO2			Ra	iio			
record the following.	At min. rate: (	where po	ssible)	C	0		р	pm A	ND	CO/	CO2			Ra	iio			
The heating and hot water system comp	olies with the ap	propriate	Buildir	ng Reg	gulations											Y	es	
The boiler and associated products have been installed and commissioned in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions  Yes																		
The operation of the boiler and system controls have been demonstrated to and understood by the customer  Yes																		
The manufacturer's literature, including	Benchmark Ch	ecklist an	d Servi	ice Re	cord, has	been e	expla	ained a	nd left v	with th	e cust	omer				Y	es	
Commissioning Engineer's Signature																		
Customer's Signature																		
(To confirm satisfactory demonstration a	and receipt of m	anufactu	rer's lite	erature	= ∋)													_
· ·					•								_					_

<sup>\*</sup>All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a Competent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.



#### **SERVICE RECORD**

It is recommended that your heating system is serviced regularly and that the appropriate Service Interval Record is completed.

#### Service Provider

Before completing the appropriate Service Record below, please ensure you have carried out the service as described in the manufacturer's instructions. Always use the manufacturer's specified spare part when replacing controls.

SED	VICE 04			Data	CED	VICE 02			Data		
SERVICE 01				Date:	11	VICE 02		Date:			
Engineer name:					Engineer name:						
Company name:					Company name:						
Telephone No:					Telephone No:						
Gas sate	register No:	00	AND	00.0/	Gas safe	register No:	00	AND	00.00		
Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %	Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %		
Commen	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %	Commen	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %		
Commen	15.				Commen				,		
Signature	<u> </u>				Signature	2					
SERVICE 03			Date:	SER	VICE 04			Date:			
Engineer	name:		,		Engineer	name:					
Company	/ name:				Company	y name:					
Telephon					Telephon						
Gas safe	register No:				Gas safe	register No:					
Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO₂ %	Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO₂ %		
	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %	1	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %		
Commen	ts:				Commen	ts:					
Signature	9				Signature	9					
SFR	VICE 05			Date:	SFR	VICE 06			Date:		
Engineer					Engineer						
Company					1			-			
Telephon					Company name: Telephone No:						
	register No:				Gas safe register No:						
Oas sale	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %	Oas sale	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %		
Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %	Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %		
Comments:					Commen	1	ррш	AND	7002 70		
Commici											
Signature	<u> </u>				Signature	 e					
					<u>                                    </u>						
SER	VICE 07			Date:	SER	VICE 08			Date:		
Engineer	name:				Engineer	name:					
Company	/ name:				Company name:						
Telephon					Telephone No:						
Gas safe	register No:				Gas safe	register No:	i				
Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO₂ %	Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %		
	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO₂ %	1	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %		
Commen	ts:				Commen	ts:					
Signature	)				Signature	9					
SER	VICE 09			Date:	SER	VICE 10			Date:		
Engineer name:					Engineer name:						
Company					Company						
					Telephon	•					
Telephone No:  Gas safe register No:					11	register No:					
240 3416	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %	303 3016	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %		
Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %	Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO <sub>2</sub> %		
Commen		ppiii	,	302 /0	Commen		ррііі	1	1 302 /0		
Signature				Signature	 e						

<sup>\*</sup>All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a Competent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.



## Baxi Customer Support 0344 871 1525

#### Opening hours

Monday - Friday, 8.00am-6.00pm Weekends and Bank Holidays, 8.30am-2.00pm

Please note calls may be recorded for training and monitoring purposes



## Register now to activate your warranty: www.baxi.co.uk/registration

For the warranty to be maintained, please make sure...

- Benchmark checklist is completed
- Warranty is registered with Baxi
- The boiler has an annual service

For full terms and conditions, visit www.baxi.co.uk/terms. Failure to adhere to terms and conditions will void your manufacturer's warranty.



Brooks House, Coventry Road, Warwick, CV34 4LL



Please ensure the boiler is installed in accordance with these installation instructions and that you adhere to the Building Regulations.

#### e&06

All descriptions and illustrations provided in this document have been carefully prepared but we reserve the right to make changes and improvements in our products which may affect the accuracy of the information contained in this leaflet. All goods are sold subject to our standard Conditions of Sale which are available on request.



